

# LPI

## Exam Questions 101-500

LPIC-1 Exam 101 - Part 1 of 2 - version 5.0



#### NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which of the following commands will write a message to the terminals of all logged in users?

- A. bcast
- B. mesg
- C. print
- D. wall
- E. yell

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which SysV init configuration file should be modified to disable the ctrl-alt-delete key combination?

- A. /etc/keys
- B. /proc/keys
- C. /etc/inittab
- D. /proc/inittab
- E. /etc/reboot

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which of the following commands reboots the system when using SysV init? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. shutdown -r now
- B. shutdown -r "rebooting"
- C. telinit 6
- D. telinit 0
- E. shutdown -k now "rebooting"

**Answer:** AC

#### NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which run levels should never be declared as the default run level when using SysV init? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. 1
- B. 3
- C. 5
- D. 6

**Answer:** AE

#### NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which file in the /proc filesystem lists parameters passed from the bootloader to the kernel? (Specify the file name only without any path.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

cmdline, /proc/cmdline

#### NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which command will disable swapping on a device? (Specify ONLY the command without any path or parameters.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

swapoff, /sbin/swapoff

#### NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the name of the main configuration file for GNU GRUB? (Specify the file name only without any path.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

menu.lst, grub.conf, grub.cfg

**NEW QUESTION 8**

- (Exam Topic 2)

In which directory must definition files be placed to add additional repositories to yum?

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

/etc/yum.repos.d, /etc/yum.repos.d/, yum.repos.d, yum.repos.d/

**NEW QUESTION 9**

- (Exam Topic 2)

The dpkg-\_\_\_\_\_ command will ask configuration questions for a specified package, just as if the package were being installed for the first time.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

reconfigure

**NEW QUESTION 10**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following is correct when talking about mount points?

- A. Every existing directory can be used as a mount point.
- B. Only empty directories can be used as a mount point.
- C. Directories need to have the SetUID flag set to be used as a mount point.
- D. Files within a directory are deleted when the directory is used as a mount point.

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 10**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following environment variables overrides or extends the list of directories holding shared libraries?

- A. LD\_LOAD\_PATH
- B. LD\_LIB\_PATH
- C. LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH
- D. LD\_SHARE\_PATH
- E. LD\_RUN\_PATH

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 13**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which file should be edited to select the network locations from which Debian installation package files are loaded?

- A. /etc/dpkg/dpkg.cfg
- B. /etc/apt/apt.conf
- C. /etc/apt/apt.conf.d
- D. /etc/apt/sources.list
- E. /etc/dpkg/dselect.cfg

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 17**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following apt-get commands will install the newest versions of all currently installed packages without removing any packages or installing new packages that are not already installed?

- A. auto-update
- B. upgrade
- C. dist-upgrade
- D. install

E. update

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 18**

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the difference between the i and a commands of the vi editor?

- A. i (interactive) requires the user to explicitly switch between vi modes whereas a (automatic) switches modes automatically.
- B. i (insert) inserts text before the current cursor position whereas a (append) inserts text after the cursor.
- C. i (independent rows) starts every new line at the first character whereas a (aligned rows) keeps the indentation of the previous line.
- D. i (interrupt) temporarily suspends editing of a file to the background whereas a (abort) terminates editing.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 20**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which grep command will print only the lines that do not end with a / in the file foo?

- A. grep '\$' foo
- B. grep '#' foo
- C. grep -v '\$' foo
- D. grep -v '#' foo

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 24**

- (Exam Topic 3)

In compliance with the FHS, in which of the directories are man pages found?

- A. /usr/share/man
- B. /opt/man
- C. /usr/doc/
- D. /var/pkg/man
- E. /var/man

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 25**

- (Exam Topic 3)

In a nested directory structure, which find command line option would be used to restrict the command to searching down a particular number of subdirectories?

- A. -dirmax
- B. -maxdepth
- C. -maxlevels
- D. -n
- E. -s

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 29**

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the default nice level when a process is started using the nice command?

- A. -10
- B. 10
- C. 20

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 32**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following signals is sent to a process when the key combination CTRL+C is pressed on the keyboard?

- A. SIGTERM
- B. SIGINT
- C. SIGSTOP
- D. SIGKILL

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 37**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following commands replaces each occurrence of 'bob' in the file letter with 'Bob' and writes the result to the file newsletter?

- A. sed '/bob/Bob' letter > newsletter
- B. sed s/bob/Bob/ letter < newsletter
- C. sed's/bob/Bob' letter > newsletter
- D. sed 's/bob/Bob/g' letter > newsletter
- E. sed 's/bob, Bob/' letter > newsletter

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 42

- (Exam Topic 3)

While editing a file in vi, the file changes due to another process. Without exiting vi, how can the file be reopened for editing with the new content?

- A. :r
- B. :n
- C. :w
- D. :e

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 46

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the purpose of the Bash built-in export command?

- A. It allows disks to be mounted remotely.
- B. It runs a command as a process in a subshell.
- C. It makes the command history available to subshells.
- D. It sets up environment variables for applications.
- E. It shares NFS partitions for use by other systems on the network.

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 50

- (Exam Topic 3)

When running the command

```
sed -e "s/a/b/" /tmp/file >/tmp/file
```

While /tmp/file contains data, why is /tmp/file empty afterwards?

- A. The file order is incorrec
- B. The destination file must be mentioned before the command to ensure redirection.
- C. The command sed did not match anything in that file therefore the output is empty.
- D. When the shell establishes the redirection it overwrites the target file before the redirected command starts and opens itfor reading.
- E. Redirection for shell commands do not work using the > characte
- F. It only works using the | character instead.

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 55

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which command is used in a Linux environment to create a new directory? (Specify ONLY the command without any path or parameters.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

mkdir, /usr/bin/mkdir

#### NEW QUESTION 59

- (Exam Topic 3)

From a Bash shell, which of the following commands directly executes the instruction from the file /usr/local/bin/runme.sh without starting a subshell? (Please select TWO answers.)

- A. source /usr/local/bin/runme.sh
- B. ./usr/local/bin/runme.sh
- C. /bin/bash /usr/local/bin/runme.sh
- D. /usr/local/bin/runme.sh
- E. run /usr/local/bin/runme.sh

**Answer:** AB

#### NEW QUESTION 62

- (Exam Topic 3)

Regarding the command: nice -5 /usr/bin/prog

Which of the following statements is correct?

- A. /usr/bin/prog is executed with a nice level of -5.

- B. /usr/bin/prog is executed with a nice level of 5.
- C. /usr/bin/prog is executed with a priority of -5.
- D. /usr/bin/prog is executed with a priority of 5.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 63**

- (Exam Topic 3)

You are trying to make a hard link to an ordinary file but ln returns an error. Which of the following could cause this?

- A. The source file is hidden.
- B. The source file is read-only.
- C. The source file is a shell script.
- D. You do not own the source file.
- E. The source and the target are on different filesystems.

**Answer: E**

**NEW QUESTION 67**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following command sets the Bash variable named TEST with the content FOO?

- A. set TEST="FOO"
- B. TEST = "FOO"
- C. var TEST="FOO"
- D. TEST="FOO"

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 71**

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which umask value will result in the default access permissions of 600 (rw-----) for files and 700 (rwx-----) for directories? (Specify only the numerical umask value.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

0077, 077

**NEW QUESTION 75**

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following commands will produce the following output?

USER	PID	%CPU	%MEM	VSZ	RSS	TTY	STAT	START	TIME	COMMAND
root	1255	4.4	0.9	60716	34824	tty7	Ss+	09:25	19:04	/usr/bin/X :0 -
root	2016	0.0	0.0	1792	560	tty1	Ss+	09:26	0:00	/sbin/getty -8
matt	5204	0.0	0.1	6320	3696	pts/4	Ss	13:12	0:00	bash
matt	5219	0.0	0.0	3988	1624	pts/4	S+	13:12	0:00	man bash
matt	5229	0.0	0.0	3584	932	pts/4	S+	13:12	0:00	pager -s
matt	6768	0.0	0.1	10504	3880	pts/2	S+	15:11	0:00	vi README.txt

- A. jobs
- B. proclist
- C. netstat
- D. ps

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 76**

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following commands is used to modify quota settings? (Choose two.)

- A. editquota
- B. setquota
- C. edquota
- D. quotaedit
- E. quotaset

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 80**

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following commands will change all CR-LF pairs in an imported text file, userlist.txt, to Linux standard LF characters and store it as newlist.txt?

- A. `tr '\r\n' ' ' < userlist.txt > newlist.txt`
- B. `tr -c '\n\r' ' ' < newlist.txt > userlist.txt`
- C. `tr -d '\r' < userlist.txt > newlist.txt`
- D. `tr '\r' '\n' userlist.txt newlist.txt`
- E. `tr -s '^M' '^J' userlist.txt newlist.txt`

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 85

- (Exam Topic 4)

What does the command `mount -a` do?

- A. It mounts all available filesystems onto the current directory.
- B. It shows all mounted filesystems.
- C. It mounts all user mountable filesystems for the current user.
- D. It mounts all filesystems listed in `/etc/fstab` which have the option `auto` set.
- E. It mounts all filesystems listed in `/etc/fstab` which have the option `noauto` set.

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 88

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following commands prints a list of available package updates when using RPM-based package management?

- A. `dpkg list`
- B. `yum list`
- C. `dpkg check-update`
- D. `yum check-update`
- E. `yum list-update`

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 93

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following Linux filesystems preallocates a fixed number of inodes at the filesystem's make/creation time and does NOT generate them as needed? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. `ext3`
- B. `JFS`
- C. `ext2`
- D. `XFS`
- E. `procfs`

**Answer:** AC

#### NEW QUESTION 98

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which command creates a swap space on a block device or a file? (Specify ONLY the command without any path or parameters.)

- A. `Mastered`
- B. `Not Mastered`

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

`mkswap`

#### NEW QUESTION 100

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following is a limitation of the `cut` command?

- A. The `cut` command can only select output by field position.
- B. The `cut` command cannot reorder fields.
- C. The `cut` command only works on ASCII text.
- D. The `cut` command cannot use different input and output delimiters.

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 101

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following options must be passed to a filesystem's entry in `/etc/fstab` in order to mount the file system without root privileges?

- A. `auto`
- B. `norestrict`
- C. `noauto`

D. user

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 102**

- (Exam Topic 4)

What is the process ID number of the init process on a SysV init based system?

- A. -1
- B. 1
- C. It is different with each reboot.
- D. It is set to the current run level.

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 104**

- (Exam Topic 4)

What is the purpose of the xargs command?

- A. It passes arguments to an X server.
- B. It reads standard input (STDIN) and builds up command lines to execute.
- C. It helps shellscripts take variable argument lists.
- D. It asks a question, graphically, and returns the answer to the shell.
- E. It allows users to specify long options for commands that normally only accept short options.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 106**

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following shell commands makes the already defined variable TEST visible to new child processes? (Choose two.)

- A. visible TEST
- B. declare +x TEST
- C. declare -x TEST
- D. export TEST
- E. export -v TEST

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 110**

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following pieces of information of an existing file is changed when a hard link pointing to that file is created?

- A. File size
- B. Modify timestamp
- C. Link count
- D. Inode number
- E. Permissions

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 114**

- (Exam Topic 4)

In compliance with the FHS, in which of the following directories are documentation files found?

- A. /usr/share/documentation
- B. /usr/local/share/documentation
- C. /var/share/doc
- D. /usr/share/doc
- E. /etc/share/doc

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 118**

- (Exam Topic 4)

Pressing the Ctrl-C combination on the keyboard while a command is executing in the foreground sends which of the following signal codes?

- A. 1(SIGHUP)
- B. 2(SIGINT)
- C. 3(SIGQUIT)
- D. 9(SIGKILL)
- E. 15(SIGTERM)

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 121**

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following commands shows the definition of a given shell command?

- A. where
- B. stat
- C. type
- D. case

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 123

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following apt-get commands will install the newest versions of all currently installed packages?

- A. auto-update
- B. full-upgrade
- C. dist-upgrade
- D. install
- E. update

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 126

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following are modes of the vi editor? (Choose two.)

- A. edit mode
- B. insert mode
- C. change mode
- D. review mode
- E. command mode

**Answer: BE**

#### NEW QUESTION 127

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which command will uninstall a package but leave its configuration files in case the package is re-installed?

- A. dpkg -s pkgname
- B. dpkg -L pkgname
- C. dpkg -P pkgname
- D. dpkg -r pkgname

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 131

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following is the device file name for the second partition on the only SCSI drive?

- A. /dev/hda1
- B. /dev/sda2
- C. /dev/sd0a2
- D. /dev/sd1p2

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 134

- (Exam Topic 5)

When considering the use of hard links, what are valid reasons not to use hard links?

- A. Hard links are not available on all Linux systems because traditional filesystems, such as ext4, do not support them
- B. Each hard link has individual ownership, permissions and ACLs which can lead to unintended disclosure of file content
- C. Hard links are specific to one filesystem and cannot point to files on another filesystem
- D. If users other than root should be able to create hard links, suLN has to be installed and configured
- E. When a hard linked file is changed, a copy of the file is created and consumes additional space

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 135

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which of the following commands displays the path to the executable file that would be executed when the command foo is invoked?

- A. lsattr foo
- B. apropos foo
- C. locate foo
- D. whatis foo
- E. which foo

Answer: A

**NEW QUESTION 140**

- (Exam Topic 5)

What is true regarding UEFI firmware? (Choose two.)

- A. It can read and interpret partition tables
- B. It can use and read certain file systems
- C. It stores its entire configuration on the /boot/ partition
- D. It is stored in a special area within the GPT metadata
- E. It is loaded from a fixed boot disk position

Answer: BD

**NEW QUESTION 142**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which of the following is true when a file system, which is neither listed in /etc/fstab nor known to system, is mounted manually?

- A. systemd ignores any manual mounts which are not done using the systemctl mount command
- B. The command systemctl mountsinc can be used to create a mount unit based on the existing mount
- C. systemd automatically generates a mount unit and monitors the mount point without changing it
- D. Unless a systemd mount unit is created, systemd unmounts the file system after a short period of time
- E. systemctl unmount must be used to remove the mount because system opens a file descriptor on the mount point

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 146**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which of the following commands lists the dependencies of the RPM package file foo.rpm?

- A. rpm -qpR foo.rpm
- B. rpm -dep foo
- C. rpm -ld foo.rpm
- D. rpm -R foo.rpm
- E. rpm -pD foo

Answer: A

**NEW QUESTION 147**

- (Exam Topic 5)

When is the content of the kernel ring buffer reset? (Choose two.)

- A. When the ring buffer is explicitly reset using the command dmesg --clear
- B. When the ring buffer is read using dmesg without any additional parameters
- C. When a configurable amount of time, 15 minutes by default, has passed
- D. When the kernel loads a previously unloaded kernel module
- E. When the system is shut down or rebooted

Answer: AE

**NEW QUESTION 150**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which command displays the current disk space usage for all mounted file systems? (Specify ONLY the command without any path or parameters.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

**Explanation:**

du

**NEW QUESTION 155**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which of the following commands installs GRUB 2 into the master boot record on the third hard disk?

- A. grub2 install /dev/sdc
- B. grub-mkrescue /dev/sdc
- C. grub-mbrinstall /dev/sdc
- D. grub-setup /dev/sdc
- E. grub-install /dev/sdc

Answer: E

**NEW QUESTION 156**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which of the following statements are true about the boot sequence of a PC using a BIOS? (Choose two.)

- A. Some parts of the boot process can be configured from the BIOS
- B. Linux does not require the assistance of the BIOS to boot a computer
- C. The BIOS boot process starts only if secondary storage, such as the hard disk, is functional
- D. The BIOS initiates the boot process after turning the computer on
- E. The BIOS is started by loading hardware drivers from secondary storage, such as the hard disk

**Answer:** AD

#### NEW QUESTION 157

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which command uninstalls a package but keeps its configuration files in case the package is re-installed?

- A. `dpkg -s pkgname`
- B. `dpkg -L pkgname`
- C. `dpkg -P pkgname`
- D. `dpkg -v pkgname`
- E. `dpkg -r pkgname`

**Answer:** E

#### NEW QUESTION 158

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which wildcards will match the following filenames? (Choose two.)  
ttyS0  
ttyS1 ttyS2

- A. `ttyS[1-5]`
- B. `tty?[0-5]`
- C. `tty*2`
- D. `tty[A-Z][012]`
- E. `tty[Ss][02]`

**Answer:** BD

#### NEW QUESTION 160

Which of the following commands will NOT update the modify timestamp on the file `/tmp/myfile.txt`?

- A. `file /tmp/myfile.txt`
- B. `echo "Hello" >/tmp/myfile.txt`
- C. `sed -ie "s/1/2/" /tmp/myfile.txt`
- D. `echo -n "Hello" >>/tmp/myfile.txt`
- E. `touch/tmp/myfile.txt`

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 164

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