



ISC2

Exam Questions CAP

ISC2 CAP Certified Authorization Professional

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NEW QUESTION 1

Which of the following professionals plays the role of a monitor and takes part in the organization's configuration management process?

- A. Senior Agency Information Security Officer
- B. Authorizing Official
- C. Common Control Provider
- D. Chief Information Officer

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 2

Mark works as a Network Administrator for NetTech Inc. He wants users to access only those resources that are required for them. Which of the following access control models will he use?

- A. Mandatory Access Control
- B. Role-Based Access Control
- C. Discretionary Access Control
- D. Policy Access Control

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 3

FITSAF stands for Federal Information Technology Security Assessment Framework. It is a methodology for assessing the security of information systems. Which of the following FITSAF levels shows that the procedures and controls have been implemented?

- A. Level 4
- B. Level 1
- C. Level 3
- D. Level 5
- E. Level 2

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 4

Which of the following requires all general support systems and major applications to be fully certified and accredited before these systems and applications are put into production?

Each correct answer represents a part of the solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. NIST
- B. FIPS
- C. FISMA
- D. Office of Management and Budget (OMB)

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 5

According to U.S. Department of Defense (DoD) Instruction 8500.2, there are eight Information Assurance (IA) areas, and the controls are referred to as IA controls. Which of the following are among the eight areas of IA defined by DoD?

Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. VI Vulnerability and Incident Management
- B. DC Security Design & Configuration
- C. EC Enclave and Computing Environment
- D. Information systems acquisition, development, and maintenance

Answer: ABC

NEW QUESTION 6

Which of the following is a subset discipline of Corporate Governance focused on information security systems and their performance and risk management?

- A. Lanham Act
- B. ISG
- C. Clinger-Cohen Act
- D. Computer Misuse Act

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 7

Ben is the project manager of the YHT Project for his company. Alice, one of his team members, is confused about when project risks will happen in the project. Which one of the following statements is the most accurate about when project risk happens?

- A. Project risk can happen at any moment.
- B. Project risk is uncertain, so no one can predict when the event will happen.
- C. Project risk happens throughout the project execution.
- D. Project risks always in the future.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 8

You are working as a project manager in your organization. You are nearing the final stages of project execution and looking towards the final risk monitoring and controlling activities. For your project archives, which one of the following is an output of risk monitoring and control?

- A. Quantitative risk analysis
- B. Qualitative risk analysis
- C. Requested changes
- D. Risk audits

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 9

Which of the following DoD directives is referred to as the Defense Automation Resources Management Manual?

- A. DoDD 8000.1
- B. DoD 7950.1-M
- C. DoD 5200.22-M
- D. DoD 8910.1
- E. DoD 5200.1-R

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 10

Neil works as a project manager for SoftTech Inc. He is working with Tom, the COO of his company, on several risks within the project. Tom understands that through qualitative analysis Neil has identified many risks in the project. Tom's concern, however, is that the priority list of these risk events are sorted in "high-risk," "moderate-risk," and "low-risk" as conditions apply within the project. Tom wants to know that is there any other objective on which Neil can make the priority list for project risks. What will be Neil's reply to Tom?

- A. Risk may be listed by the responses in the near-term
- B. Risks may be listed by categories
- C. Risks may be listed by the additional analysis and response
- D. Risks may be listed by priority separately for schedule, cost, and performance

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 10

Your project uses a piece of equipment that if the temperature of the machine goes above 450 degree Fahrenheit the machine will overheat and have to be shut down for 48 hours. Should this machine overheat even once it will delay the project's end date. You work with your project to create a response that should the temperature of the machine reach 430, the machine will be paused for at least an hour to cool it down. The temperature of 430 is called what?

- A. Risk identification
- B. Risk response
- C. Risk trigger
- D. Risk event

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 12

James work as an IT systems personnel in SoftTech Inc. He performs the following tasks: Runs regular backups and routine tests of the validity of the backup data.

Performs data restoration from the backups whenever required.

Maintains the retained records in accordance with the established information classification policy.

What is the role played by James in the organization?

- A. Manager
- B. User
- C. Owner
- D. Custodian

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 14

You are the project manager for your organization. You have identified a risk event you??re your organization could manage internally or externally. If you manage the event internally it will cost your project \$578,000 and an additional \$12,000 per month the solution is in use. A vendor can manage the risk event for you. The vendor will charge \$550,000 and \$14,500 per month that the solution is in use. How many months will you need to use the solution to pay for the internal solution in comparison to the vendor's solution?

- A. Approximately 13 months
- B. Approximately 11 months
- C. Approximately 15 months
- D. Approximately 8 months

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 18

Which of the following refers to the ability to ensure that the data is not modified or tampered with?

- A. Confidentiality
- B. Availability
- C. Integrity
- D. Non-repudiation

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 20

Which of the following techniques are used after a security breach and are intended to limit the extent of any damage caused by the incident?

- A. Safeguards
- B. Preventive controls
- C. Detective controls
- D. Corrective controls

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 25

Which of the following roles is also known as the accreditor?

- A. Chief Risk Officer
- B. Data owner
- C. Designated Approving Authority
- D. Chief Information Officer

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 30

In which of the following phases of the DITSCAP process does Security Test and Evaluation (ST&E) occur?

- A. Phase 2
- B. Phase 3
- C. Phase 1
- D. Phase 4

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 33

You are the project manager of the NHH project for your company. You have completed the first round of risk management planning and have created four outputs of the risk response planning process. Which one of the following is NOT an output of the risk response planning?

- A. Risk-related contract decisions
- B. Project document updates
- C. Risk register updates
- D. Organizational process assets updates

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 38

Which of the following is a 1996 United States federal law, designed to improve the way the federal government acquires, uses, and disposes information technology?

- A. Computer Misuse Act
- B. Lanham Act
- C. Clinger-CohenAct
- D. Paperwork Reduction Act

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 39

Amy is the project manager for her company. In her current project the organization has a very low tolerance for risk events that will affect the project schedule. Management has asked Amy to consider the affect of all the risks on the project schedule. What approach can Amy take to create a bias against risks that will affect the schedule of the project?

- A. She can have the project team pad their time estimates to alleviate delays in the project schedule.
- B. She can create an overall project rating scheme to reflect the bias towards risks that affect the project schedule.
- C. She can filter all risks based on their affect on schedule versus other project objectives.
- D. She can shift risk-laden activities that affect the project schedule from the critical path as much as possible.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 41

You are the project manager for your company and a new change request has been approved for your project. This change request, however, has introduced several new risks to the project. You have communicated these risk events and the project stakeholders understand the possible effects these risks could have on your project. You elect to create a mitigation response for the identified risk events. Where will you record the mitigation response?

- A. Project management plan
- B. Risk management plan
- C. Risk log
- D. Risk register

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 42

Which of the following RMF phases is known as risk analysis?

- A. Phase 2
- B. Phase 1
- C. Phase 0
- D. Phase 3

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 43

Which of the following are included in Physical Controls?

Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Locking systems and removing unnecessary floppy or CD-ROM drives
- B. Environmental controls
- C. Password and resource management
- D. Identification and authentication methods
- E. Monitoring for intrusion
- F. Controlling individual access into the facility and different departments

Answer: ABEF

NEW QUESTION 45

Sam is the project manager of a construction project in south Florida. This area of the United States is prone to hurricanes during certain parts of the year. As part of the project plan Sam and the project team acknowledge the possibility of hurricanes and the damage the hurricane could have on the project's deliverables, the schedule of the project, and the overall cost of the project.

Once Sam and the project stakeholders acknowledge the risk of the hurricane they go on planning the project as if the risk is not likely to happen. What type of risk response is Sam using?

- A. Mitigation
- B. Avoidance
- C. Passive acceptance
- D. Active acceptance

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 49

Which of the following are included in Administrative Controls?

Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Conducting security-awareness training
- B. Screening of personnel
- C. Monitoring for intrusion
- D. Implementing change control procedures
- E. Developing policy

Answer: ABDE

NEW QUESTION 53

You are the project manager for GHY Project and are working to create a risk response for a negative risk. You and the project team have identified the risk that the project may not complete on time, as required by the management, due to the creation of the user guide for the software you're creating. You have elected to hire an external writer in order to satisfy the requirements and to alleviate the risk event. What type of risk response have you elected to use in this instance?

- A. Sharing
- B. Avoidance
- C. Transference
- D. Exploiting

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 56

Which of the following are the common roles with regard to data in an information classification program?

Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Custodian

- B. User
- C. Security auditor
- D. Editor
- E. Owner

Answer: ABCE

NEW QUESTION 59

To help review or design security controls, they can be classified by several criteria. One of these criteria is based on nature. According to this criteria, which of the following controls consists of incident response processes, management oversight, security awareness, and training?

- A. Technical control
- B. Physical control
- C. Procedural control
- D. Compliance control

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 62

You work as a project manager for SoftTech Inc. You are working with the project stakeholders to begin the qualitative risk analysis process. You will need all of the following as inputs to the qualitative risk analysis process except for which one?

- A. Risk management plan
- B. Risk register
- C. Stakeholder register
- D. Project scope statement

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 67

Which of the following concepts represent the three fundamental principles of information security?
Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose three.

- A. Privacy
- B. Integrity
- C. Availability
- D. Confidentiality

Answer: BCD

NEW QUESTION 70

Your organization has a project that is expected to last 20 months but the customer would really like the project completed in 18 months. You have worked on similar projects in the past and believe that you could fast track the project and reach the 18 month deadline. What increases when you fast track a project?

- A. Risks
- B. Costs
- C. Resources
- D. Communication

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 73

During qualitative risk analysis you want to define the risk urgency assessment. All of the following are indicators of risk priority except for which one?

- A. Risk rating
- B. Warning signs
- C. Cost of the project
- D. Symptoms

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 75

You work as the project manager for Bluewell Inc. You are working on NGQQ Projectyou??re your company. You have completed the risk analysis processes for the risk events. You and the project team have created risk responses for most of the identified project risks. Which of the following risk response planning techniques will you use to shift the impact of a threat to a third party, together with the responses?

- A. Risk acceptance
- B. Risk avoidance
- C. Risk transference
- D. Risk mitigation

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 80

You work as a project manager for BlueWell Inc. You are currently working with the project stakeholders to identify risks in your project. You understand that the

qualitative risk assessment and analysis can reflect the attitude of the project team and other stakeholders to risk. Effective assessment of risk requires management of the risk attitudes of the participants. What should you, the project manager, do with assessment of identified risks in consideration of the attitude and bias of the participants towards the project risk?

- A. Document the bias for the risk events and communicate the bias with management
- B. Evaluate and document the bias towards the risk events
- C. Evaluate the bias through SWOT for true analysis of the risk events
- D. Evaluate the bias towards the risk events and correct the assessment accordingly

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 81

Which of the following evidences are the collection of facts that, when considered together, can be used to infer a conclusion about the malicious activity/person?

- A. Circumstantial
- B. Incontrovertible
- C. Direct
- D. Corroborating

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 86

You work as a project manager for BlueWell Inc. You are working with Nancy, the COO of your company, on several risks within the project. Nancy understands that through qualitative analysis you have identified 80 risks that have a low probability and low impact as the project is currently planned. Nancy's concern, however, is that the impact and probability of these risk events may change as conditions within the project may change. She would like to know where will you document and record these 80 risks that have low probability and low impact for future reference.

What should you tell Nancy?

- A. Risk identification is an iterative process so any changes to the low probability and low impact risks will be reassessed throughout the project life cycle.
- B. Risks with low probability and low impact are recorded in a watchlist for future monitoring.
- C. All risks, regardless of their assessed impact and probability, are recorded in the risk log.
- D. All risks are recorded in the risk management plan

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 87

You work as a project manager for BlueWell Inc. Management has asked you to work with the key project stakeholder to analyze the risk events you have identified in the project. They would like you to analyze the project risks with a goal of improving the project's performance as a whole.

What approach can you use to achieve the goal of improving the project's performance through risk analysis with your project stakeholders?

- A. Involve subject matter experts in the risk analysis activities
- B. Focus on the high-priority risks through qualitative risk analysis
- C. Use qualitative risk analysis to quickly assess the probability and impact of risk events
- D. Involve the stakeholders for risk identification only in the phases where the project directly affects them

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 89

You are the project manager of the GHY project for your organization. You are working with your project team to begin identifying risks for the project. As part of your preparation for identifying the risks within the project you will need eleven inputs for the process. Which one of the following is NOT an input to the risk identification process?

- A. Cost management plan
- B. Procurement management plan
- C. Stakeholder register
- D. Quality management plan

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 92

Thomas is the project manager of the NHJ Project for his company. He has identified several positive risk events within his project and he thinks these events can save the project time and money. Positive risk events, such as these within the NHJ Project are also known as what?

- A. Opportunities
- B. Benefits
- C. Ancillary constituent components
- D. Contingency risks

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 94

Mary is the project manager for the BLB project. She has instructed the project team to assemble, to review the risks. She has included the schedule management plan as an input for the quantitative risk analysis process. Why is the schedule management plan needed for quantitative risk analysis?

- A. Mary will utilize the schedule controls and the nature of the schedule for the quantitative analysis of the schedule.
- B. Mary will schedule when the identified risks are likely to happen and affect the project schedule.
- C. Mary will utilize the schedule controls to determine how risks may be allowed to change the project schedule.

D. Mary will use the schedule management plan to schedule the risk identification meetings throughout the remaining project.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 97

The Project Risk Management knowledge area focuses on which of the following processes?
Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Potential Risk Monitoring
- B. Risk Management Planning
- C. Quantitative Risk Analysis
- D. Risk Monitoring and Control

Answer: BCD

NEW QUESTION 99

You are the project manager of the GHG project. You are preparing for the quantitative risk analysis process. You are using organizational process assets to help you complete the quantitative risk analysis process. Which one of the following is NOT a valid reason to utilize organizational process assets as a part of the quantitative risk analysis process?

- A. You will use organizational process assets for studies of similar projects by risk specialists.
- B. You will use organizational process assets to determine costs of all risks events within the current project.
- C. You will use organizational process assets for information from prior similar projects.
- D. You will use organizational process assets for risk databases that may be available from industry sources.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 101

Mary is the project manager of the HGH Project for her company. She and her project team have agreed that if the vendor is late by more than ten days they will cancel the order and hire the NBG Company to fulfill the order. The NBG Company can guarantee orders within three days, but the costs of their products are significantly more expensive than the current vendor. What type of a response strategy is this?

- A. External risk response
- B. Internal risk management strategy
- C. Contingent response strategy
- D. Expert judgment

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 102

Your project uses a piece of equipment that if the temperature of the machine goes above 450 degree Fahrenheit the machine will overheat and have to be shut down for 48 hours. Should this machine overheat even once it will delay the project's end date. You work with your project to create a response that should the temperature of the machine reach 430, the machine will be paused for at least an hour to cool it down. The temperature of 430 is called what?

- A. Risk identification
- B. Risk response
- C. Risk trigger
- D. Risk event

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 106

Certification and Accreditation (C&A or CnA) is a process for implementing information security. It is a systematic procedure for evaluating, describing, testing, and authorizing systems prior to or after a system is in operation. Which of the following statements are true about Certification and Accreditation?
Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose two.

- A. Certification is a comprehensive assessment of the management, operational, and technical security controls in an information system.
- B. Accreditation is a comprehensive assessment of the management, operational, and technical security controls in an information system.
- C. Certification is the official management decision given by a senior agency official to authorize operation of an information system.
- D. Accreditation is the official management decision given by a senior agency official to authorize operation of an information system.

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 110

Amy is the project manager for her company. In her current project the organization has a very low tolerance for risk events that will affect the project schedule. Management has asked Amy to consider the affect of all the risks on the project schedule. What approach can Amy take to create a bias against risks that will affect the schedule of the project?

- A. She can have the project team pad their time estimates to alleviate delays in the project schedule.
- B. She can shift risk-laden activities that affect the project schedule from the critical path as much as possible.
- C. She can create an overall project rating scheme to reflect the bias towards risks that affect the project schedule.
- D. She can filter all risks based on their affect on schedule versus other project objectives.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 113

Joan is a project management consultant and she has been hired by a firm to help them identify risk events within the project. Joan would first like to examine the project documents including the plans, assumptions lists, project files, and contracts. What key thing will help Joan to discover risks within the review of the project documents?

- A. Lack of consistency between the plans and the project requirements and assumptions can be the indicators of risk in the project.
- B. The project documents will help the project manager, or Joan, to identify what risk identification approach is best to pursue.
- C. Plans that have loose definitions of terms and disconnected approaches will reveal risks.
- D. Poorly written requirements will reveal inconsistencies in the project plans and documents.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 118

Which of the following documents were developed by NIST for conducting Certification & Accreditation (C&A)?
Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. NIST Special Publication 800-53A
- B. NIST Special Publication 800-37A
- C. NIST Special Publication 800-59
- D. NIST Special Publication 800-53
- E. NIST Special Publication 800-37
- F. NIST Special Publication 800-60

Answer: ACDEF

NEW QUESTION 122

Gary is the project manager for his project. He and the project team have completed the qualitative risk analysis process and are about to enter the quantitative risk analysis process when Mary, the project sponsor, wants to know what quantitative risk analysis will review. Which of the following statements best defines what quantitative risk analysis will review?

- A. The quantitative risk analysis process will analyze the effect of risk events that may substantially impact the project's competing demands.
- B. The quantitative risk analysis reviews the results of risk identification and prepares the project for risk response management.
- C. The quantitative risk analysis process will review risk events for their probability and impact on the project objectives.
- D. The quantitative risk analysis seeks to determine the true cost of each identified risk event and the probability of each risk event to determine the risk exposure.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 125

Which of the following techniques are used after a security breach and are intended to limit the extent of any damage caused by the incident?

- A. Safeguards
- B. Preventive controls
- C. Detective controls
- D. Corrective controls

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 129

Penetration testing (also called pen testing) is the practice of testing a computer system, network, or Web application to find vulnerabilities that an attacker could exploit. Which of the following areas can be exploited in a penetration test?
Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Race conditions
- B. Social engineering
- C. Information system architectures
- D. Buffer overflows
- E. Kernel flaws
- F. Trojan horses
- G. File and directory permissions

Answer: ABDEFG

NEW QUESTION 134

Which of the following methods of authentication uses finger prints to identify users?

- A. PKI
- B. Mutual authentication
- C. Biometrics
- D. Kerberos

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 139

Which of the following formulas was developed by FIPS 199 for categorization of an information type?

- A. SC information type = {(confidentiality, controls), (integrity, controls), (authentication, controls)}
- B. SC information type = {(confidentiality, impact), (integrity, impact), (availability, impact)}
- C. SC information type = {(confidentiality, risk), (integrity, risk), (availability, risk)}

D. SC information type = {(Authentication, impact), (integrity, impact), (availability, impact)}

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 140

Which of the following is NOT considered an environmental threat source?

- A. Pollution
- B. Hurricane
- C. Chemical
- D. Water

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 143

Which of the following is NOT a type of penetration test?

- A. Cursory test
- B. Partial-knowledge test
- C. Zero-knowledge test
- D. Full knowledge test

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 145

Which of the following is NOT a phase of the security certification and accreditation process?

- A. Initiation
- B. Security certification
- C. Operation
- D. Maintenance

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 150

Which of the following is not a part of Identify Risks process?

- A. System or process flow chart
- B. Influence diagram
- C. Decision tree diagram
- D. Cause and effect diagram

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 153

Which of the following processes is used to protect the data based on its secrecy, sensitivity, or confidentiality?

- A. Change Control
- B. Data Hiding
- C. Configuration Management
- D. Data Classification

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 154

What is the objective of the Security Accreditation Decision task?

- A. To determine whether the agency-level risk is acceptable or not.
- B. To make an accreditation decision
- C. To accredit the information system
- D. To approve revisions of NIACAP

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 155

What approach can a project manager use to improve the project's performance during qualitative risk analysis?

- A. Create a risk breakdown structure and delegate the risk analysis to the appropriate project team members.
- B. Focus on high-priority risks.
- C. Focus on near-term risks first.
- D. Analyze as many risks as possible regardless of who initiated the risk event.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 157

Which of the following describes residual risk as the risk remaining after risk mitigation has occurred?

- A. DIACAP
- B. ISSO
- C. SSAA
- D. DAA

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 160

Which of the following individuals is responsible for monitoring the information system environment for factors that can negatively impact the security of the system and its accreditation?

- A. Chief Risk Officer
- B. Chief Information Security Officer
- C. Information System Owner
- D. Chief Information Officer

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 163

Walter is the project manager of a large construction project. He'll be working with several vendors on the project. Vendors will be providing materials and labor for several parts of the project. Some of the works in the project are very dangerous so Walter has implemented safety requirements for all of the vendors and his own project team. Stakeholders for the project have added new requirements, which have caused new risks in the project. A vendor has identified a new risk that could affect the project if it comes into fruition. Walter agrees with the vendor and has updated the risk register and created potential risk responses to mitigate the risk. What should Walter also update in this scenario considering the risk event?

- A. Project management plan
- B. Project contractual relationship with the vendor
- C. Project communications plan
- D. Project scope statement

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 166

Which of the following is a standard that sets basic requirements for assessing the effectiveness of computer security controls built into a computer system?

- A. FITSAF
- B. TCSEC
- C. FIPS
- D. SSAA

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 168

You are the project manager of a large construction project. Part of the project involves the wiring of the electricity in the building your project is creating. You and the project team determine the electrical work is too dangerous to perform yourself so you hire an electrician to perform the work for the project. This is an example of what type of risk response?

- A. Transference
- B. Mitigation
- C. Avoidance
- D. Acceptance

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 171

You are the project manager of the GGH Project in your company. Your company is structured as a functional organization and you report to the functional manager that you are ready to move onto the quantitative risk analysis process. What things will you need as inputs for the quantitative risk analysis of the project in this scenario?

- A. You will need the risk register, risk management plan, permission from the functional manager, and any relevant organizational process assets.
- B. You will need the risk register, risk management plan, outputs of qualitative risk analysis, and any relevant organizational process assets.
- C. You will need the risk register, risk management plan, cost management plan, schedule management plan, and any relevant organizational process assets.
- D. Quantitative risk analysis does not happen through the project manager in a functional structure.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 175

In which of the following DIACAP phases is residual risk analyzed?

- A. Phase 2
- B. Phase 4
- C. Phase 5
- D. Phase 3
- E. Phase 1

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 176

You are responsible for network and information security at a metropolitan police station. The most important concern is that unauthorized parties are not able to access data. What is this called?

- A. Confidentiality
- B. Encryption
- C. Integrity
- D. Availability

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 177

Mark is the project manager of the BFL project for his organization. He and the project team are creating a probability and impact matrix using RAG rating. There is some confusion and disagreement among the project team as to how a certain risk is important and priority for attention should be managed. Where can Mark determine the priority of a risk given its probability and impact?

- A. Risk response plan
- B. Project sponsor
- C. Risk management plan
- D. Look-up table

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 178

FITSAF stands for Federal Information Technology Security Assessment Framework. It is a methodology for assessing the security of information systems. Which of the following FITSAF levels shows that the procedures and controls are tested and reviewed?

- A. Level 1
- B. Level 2
- C. Level 4
- D. Level 5
- E. Level 3

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 179

A high-profile, high-priority project within your organization is being created. Management wants you to pay special attention to the project risks and do all that you can to ensure that all of the risks are identified early in the project. Management has to ensure that this project succeeds. Management's risk aversion in this project is associated with what term?

- A. Utility function
- B. Risk conscience
- C. Quantitative risk analysis
- D. Risk mitigation

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 180

Which of the following governance bodies directs and coordinates implementations of the information security program?

- A. Information Security Steering Committee
- B. Senior Management
- C. Business Unit Manager
- D. Chief Information Security Officer

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 183

Which of the following fields of management focuses on establishing and maintaining consistency of a system's or product's performance and its functional and physical attributes with its requirements, design, and operational information throughout its life?

- A. Configuration management
- B. Procurement management
- C. Risk management
- D. Change management

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 187

Who is responsible for the stakeholder expectations management in a high-profile, high-risk project?

- A. Project management office
- B. Project sponsor

- C. Project risk assessment officer
- D. Project manager

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 192

Which of the following requires all general support systems and major applications to be fully certified and accredited before these systems and applications are put into production?
Each correct answer represents a part of the solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. NIST
- B. FIPS
- C. Office of Management and Budget (OMB)
- D. FISMA

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 194

What project management plan is most likely to direct the quantitative risk analysis process for a project in a matrix environment?

- A. Staffing management plan
- B. Risk analysis plan
- C. Human resource management plan
- D. Risk management plan

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 195

Your project team has identified a project risk that must be responded to. The risk has been recorded in the risk register and the project team has been discussing potential risk responses for the risk event. The event is not likely to happen for several months but the probability of the event is high. Which one of the following is a valid response to the identified risk event?

- A. Corrective action
- B. Technical performance measurement
- C. Risk audit
- D. Earned value management

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 199

Which of the following documents is described in the statement below?

"It is developed along with all processes of the risk management. It contains the results of the qualitative risk analysis, quantitative risk analysis, and risk response planning."

- A. Project charter
- B. Risk management plan
- C. Risk register
- D. Quality management plan

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 203

Joan is a project management consultant and she has been hired by a firm to help them identify risk events within the project. Joan would first like to examine the project documents including the plans, assumptions lists, project files, and contracts. What key thing will help Joan to discover risks within the review of the project documents?

- A. The project documents will help the project manager, or Joan, to identify what risk identification approach is best to pursue.
- B. Plans that have loose definitions of terms and disconnected approaches will reveal risks.
- C. Poorly written requirements will reveal inconsistencies in the project plans and documents.
- D. Lack of consistency between the plans and the project requirements and assumptions can be the indicators of risk in the project.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 207

Which of the following statements about System Access Control List (SACL) is true?

- A. It contains a list of any events that are set to audit for that particular object.
- B. It is a mechanism for reducing the need for globally unique IP addresses.
- C. It contains a list of both users and groups and whatever permissions they have.
- D. It exists for each and every permission entry assigned to any object.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 212

Information Security management is a process of defining the security controls in order to protect information assets. What are the security management

responsibilities?

Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Evaluating business objectives, security risks, user productivity, and functionality requirements
- B. Determining actual goals that are expected to be accomplished from a security program
- C. Defining steps to ensure that all the responsibilities are accounted for and properly addressed
- D. Determining objectives, scope, policies, priorities, standards, and strategies

Answer: ABCD

NEW QUESTION 215

Which of the following are included in Technical Controls?

Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Implementing and maintaining access control mechanisms
- B. Password and resource management
- C. Configuration of the infrastructure
- D. Identification and authentication methods
- E. Conducting security-awareness training
- F. Security devices

Answer: ABCDF

NEW QUESTION 218

You are the project manager of the HJK project for your organization. You and the project team have created risk responses for many of the risk events in the project. A teaming agreement is an example of what risk response?

- A. Acceptance
- B. Mitigation
- C. Sharing
- D. Transference

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 220

The Software Configuration Management (SCM) process defines the need to trace changes, and the ability to verify that the final delivered software has all of the planned enhancements that are supposed to be included in the release. What are the procedures that must be defined for each software project to ensure that a sound SCM process is implemented?

Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Configuration status accounting
- B. Configuration change control
- C. Configuration deployment
- D. Configuration audits
- E. Configuration identification
- F. Configuration implementation

Answer: ABDE

NEW QUESTION 222

Which of the following processes is described in the statement below?

"It is the process of implementing risk response plans, tracking identified risks, monitoring residual risk, identifying new risks, and evaluating risk process effectiveness throughout the project."

- A. Perform Quantitative Risk Analysis
- B. Perform Qualitative Risk Analysis
- C. Monitor and Control Risks
- D. Identify Risks

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 224

The risk transference is referred to the transfer of risks to a third party, usually for a fee, it creates a contractual-relationship for the third party to manage the risk on behalf of the performing organization. Which one of the following is NOT an example of the transference risk response?

- A. Use of insurance
- B. Life cycle costing
- C. Warranties
- D. Performance bonds

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 227

Adrian is a project manager for a new project using a technology that has recently been released and there's relatively little information about the technology. Initial testing of the technology makes the use of it look promising, but there's still uncertainty as to the longevity and reliability of the technology. Adrian wants to consider the technology factors a risk for her project. Where should she document the risks associated with this technology so she can track the risk status and responses?

- A. Project charter
- B. Risk register
- C. Project scope statement
- D. Risk low-level watch list

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 231

You are the project manager for your organization. You have determined that an activity is too dangerous to complete internally so you hire licensed contractor to complete the work. The contractor, however, may not complete the assigned work on time which could cause delays in subsequent work beginning. This is an example of what type of risk event?

- A. Secondary risk
- B. Transference
- C. Internal
- D. Pure risk

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 234

Tracy is the project manager of the NLT Project for her company. The NLT Project is scheduled to last 14 months and has a budget at completion of \$4,555,000. Tracy's organization will receive a bonus of \$80,000 per day that the project is completed early up to \$800,000. Tracy realizes that there are several opportunities within the project to save on time by crashing the project work. Crashing the project is what type of risk response?

- A. Mitigation
- B. Exploit
- C. Enhance
- D. Transference

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 236

Diana is the project manager of the QPS project for her company. In this project Diana and the project team have identified a pure risk. Diana and the project team decided, along with the key stakeholders, to remove the pure risk from the project by changing the project plan altogether. What is a pure risk?

- A. It is a risk event that only has a negative side, such as loss of life or limb.
- B. It is a risk event that cannot be avoided because of the order of the work.
- C. It is a risk event that is created by a risk response.
- D. It is a risk event that is generated due to errors or omission in the project work.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 239

Lisa is the project manager of the SQL project for her company. She has completed the risk response planning with her project team and is now ready to update the risk register to reflect the risk response. Which of the following statements best describes the level of detail Lisa should include with the risk responses she has created?

- A. The level of detail is set by historical information.
- B. The level of detail must define exactly the risk response for each identified risk.
- C. The level of detail is set of project risk governance.
- D. The level of detail should correspond with the priority ranking

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 240

Which of the following recovery plans includes specific strategies and actions to deal with specific variances to assumptions resulting in a particular security problem, emergency, or state of affairs?

- A. Business continuity plan
- B. Continuity of Operations Plan
- C. Disaster recovery plan
- D. Contingency plan

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 242

ISO 17799 has two parts. The first part is an implementation guide with guidelines on how to build a comprehensive information security infrastructure and the second part is an auditing guide based on requirements that must be met for an organization to be deemed compliant with ISO 17799. What are the ISO 17799 domains?

Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Information security policy for the organization
- B. System architecture management
- C. Business continuity management
- D. System development and maintenance

E. Personnel security

Answer: ACDE

NEW QUESTION 246

An authentication method uses smart cards as well as usernames and passwords for authentication. Which of the following authentication methods is being referred to?

- A. Anonymous
- B. Multi-factor
- C. Biometrics
- D. Mutual

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 248

Which of the following statements reflect the 'Code of Ethics Canons' in the '(ISC)2 Code of Ethics'?
Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Protect society, the commonwealth, and the infrastructure.
- B. Act honorably, honestly, justly, responsibly, and legally.
- C. Provide diligent and competent service to principals.
- D. Give guidance for resolving good versus good and bad versus baddilemmas.

Answer: ABC

NEW QUESTION 251

John is the project manager of the NHQ Project for his company. His project has 75 stakeholders, some of which are external to the organization. John needs to make certain that he communicates about risk in the most appropriate method for the external stakeholders. Which project management plan will be the best guide for John to communicate to the external stakeholders?

- A. Risk Response Plan
- B. Risk Management Plan
- C. Project ManagementPlan
- D. Communications Management Plan

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 254

Which of the following individuals makes the final accreditation decision?

- A. ISSE
- B. DAA
- C. CRO
- D. ISSO

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 259

In 2003, NIST developed a new Certification & Accreditation (C&A) guideline known as FIPS 199.
What levels of potential impact are defined by FIPS 199?
Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Medium
- B. High
- C. Low
- D. Moderate

Answer: ABC

NEW QUESTION 260

Which of the following statements about Discretionary Access Control List (DACL) is true?

- A. It is a rule list containing access control entries.
- B. It specifies whether an audit activity should be performed when an object attempts to access a resource.
- C. It is a unique number that identifies a user, group,and computer account.
- D. It is a list containing user accounts, groups, and computers that are allowed (or denied) access to the object.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 263

Which of the following processes is described in the statement below?
"This is the process of numerically analyzing the effect of identified risks on overall project objectives."

- A. Identify Risks

- B. Perform Quantitative Risk Analysis
- C. Perform Qualitative Risk Analysis
- D. Monitor and Control Risks

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 267

Eric is the project manager of the NQQ Project and has hired the ZAS Corporation to complete part of the project work for Eric's organization. Due to a change request the ZAS Corporation is no longer needed on the project even though they have completed nearly all of the project work. Is Eric's organization liable to pay the ZAS Corporation for the work they have completed so far on the project?

- A. It depends on what the outcome of a lawsuit will determine.
- B. No, the ZAS Corporation did not complete all of the work.
- C. It depends on what the termination clause of the contract stipulates.
- D. Yes, the ZAS Corporation did not choose to terminate the contract work.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 272

Numerous information security standards promote good security practices and define frameworks or systems to structure the analysis and design for managing information security controls. Which of the following are the U.S. Federal Government information security standards? Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. SA System and Services Acquisition
- B. CA Certification, Accreditation, and Security Assessments
- C. IR Incident Response
- D. Information systems acquisition, development, and maintenance

Answer: ABC

NEW QUESTION 274

Which of the following tasks are identified by the Plan of Action and Milestones document? Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. The plans that need to be implemented
- B. The resources needed to accomplish the elements of the plan
- C. Any milestones that are needed in meeting the tasks
- D. The tasks that are required to be accomplished
- E. Scheduled completion dates for the milestones

Answer: BCDE

NEW QUESTION 277

Jenny is the project manager for the NBT projects. She is working with the project team and several subject matter experts to perform the quantitative risk analysis process. During this process she and the project team uncover several risks events that were not previously identified. What should Jenny do with these risk events?

- A. The events should be determined if they need to be accepted or responded to.
- B. The events should be entered into qualitative risk analysis.
- C. The events should continue on with quantitative risk analysis.
- D. The events should be entered into the risk register.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 281

Harry is the project manager of the MMQ Construction Project. In this project Harry has identified a supplier who can create stained glass windows for 1,000 window units in the construction project. The supplier is an artist who works by himself, but creates windows for several companies throughout the United States. Management reviews the proposal to use this supplier and while they agree that the supplier is talented, they do not think the artist can fulfill the 1,000 window units in time for the project's deadline. Management asked Harry to find a supplier who will guarantee the completion of the windows by the needed date in the schedule. What risk response has management asked Harry to implement?

- A. Acceptance
- B. Mitigation
- C. Avoidance
- D. Transference

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 282

Henry is the project manager of the QBG Project for his company. This project has a budget of \$4,576,900 and is expected to last 18 months to complete. The CIO, a stakeholder in the project, has introduced a scope change request for additional deliverables as part of the project work. What component of the change control system would review the proposed changes' impact on the features and functions of the project's product?

- A. Cost change control system
- B. Scope change control system
- C. Integrated change control
- D. Configuration management system

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 286

Security Test and Evaluation (ST&E) is a component of risk assessment. It is useful in discovering system vulnerabilities. For what purposes is ST&E used? Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. To implement the design of system architecture
- B. To determine the adequacy of security mechanisms, assurances, and other properties to enforce the security policy
- C. To assess the degree of consistency between the system documentation and its implementation
- D. To uncover design, implementation, and operational flaws that may allow the violation of security policy

Answer: BCD

NEW QUESTION 291

Which of the following are the goals of risk management? Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose three.

- A. Finding an economic balance between the impact of the risk and the cost of the countermeasure
- B. Identifying the risk
- C. Assessing the impact of potential threats
- D. Identifying the accused

Answer: ABC

NEW QUESTION 296

Which of the following is NOT an objective of the security program?

- A. Security organization
- B. Security plan
- C. Security education
- D. Information classification

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 299

You are the project manager of the NHQ project for your company. Management has told you that you must implement an agreed upon contingency response if the Cost Performance Index in your project is less than 0.90. Consider that your project has a budget at completion of \$250,000 and is 60 percent complete. You are scheduled to be however, 75 percent complete, and you have spent \$165,000 to date. What is the Cost Performance Index for this project to determine if the contingency response should happen?

- A. 0.88
- B. 0.80
- C. -\$37,500
- D. 0.91

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 300

Fred is the project manager of the CPS project. He is working with his project team to prioritize the identified risks within the CPS project. He and the team are prioritizing risks for further analysis or action by assessing and combining the risks probability of occurrence and impact. What process is Fred completing?

- A. Risk identification
- B. Perform qualitative analysis
- C. Perform quantitative analysis
- D. Risk Breakdown Structure creation

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 301

Ned is the project manager of the HNN project for your company. Ned has asked you to help him complete some probability distributions for his project. What portion of the project will you most likely use for probability distributions?

- A. Uncertainty in values such as duration of schedule activities
- B. Bias towards risk in new resources
- C. Risk probability and impact matrixes
- D. Risk identification

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 304

Which of the following acts promote a risk-based policy for cost effective security? Each correct answer represents a part of the solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Clinger-Cohen Act

- B. Lanham Act
- C. Computer Misuse Act
- D. Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA)

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 308

To help review or design security controls, they can be classified by several criteria. One of these criteria is based on time. According to this criteria, which of the following controls are intended to prevent an incident from occurring?

- A. Adaptive controls
- B. Preventive controls
- C. Detective controls
- D. Corrective controls

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 309

During which of the following processes, probability and impact matrix is prepared?

- A. Plan Risk Responses
- B. Perform Quantitative Risk Analysis
- C. Perform Qualitative Risk Analysis
- D. Monitoring and Control Risks

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 311

You are the project manager of the NNN project for your company. You and the project team are working together to plan the risk responses for the project. You feel that the team has successfully completed the risk response planning and now you must initiate what risk process it is. Which of the following risk processes is repeated after the plan risk responses to determine if the overall project risk has been satisfactorily decreased?

- A. Risk identification
- B. Qualitative risk analysis
- C. Risk response implementation
- D. Quantitative risk analysis

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 313

The Project Risk Management knowledge area focuses on which of the following processes?
Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Quantitative Risk Analysis
- B. Potential Risk Monitoring
- C. Risk Monitoring and Control
- D. Risk Management Planning

Answer: ACD

NEW QUESTION 316

Certification and Accreditation (C&A or CnA) is a process for implementing information security.
Which of the following is the correct order of C&A phases in a DITSCAP assessment?

- A. Definition, Validation, Verification, and Post Accreditation
- B. Verification, Definition, Validation, and Post Accreditation
- C. Definition, Verification, Validation, and Post Accreditation
- D. Verification, Validation, Definition, and Post Accreditation

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 321

There are seven risk responses for any project. Which one of the following is a valid risk response for a negative risk event?

- A. Exploit
- B. Share
- C. Enhance
- D. Acceptance

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 325

Which of the following persons is responsible for testing and verifying whether the security policy is properly implemented, and the derived security solutions are adequate or not?

- A. Auditor
- B. User
- C. Data custodian
- D. Data owner

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 327

You work as a project manager for BlueWell Inc. You are working on a project and the management wants a rapid and cost-effective means for establishing priorities for planning risk responses in your project. Which risk management process can satisfy management's objective for your project?

- A. Qualitative risk analysis
- B. Quantitative analysis
- C. Historical information
- D. Rolling wave planning

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 330

Which of the following NIST C&A documents is the guideline for identifying an information system as a National Security System?

- A. NIST SP800-53
- B. NIST SP 800-59
- C. NIST SP 800-37
- D. NIST SP 800-53A

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 331

In which of the following Risk Management Framework (RMF) phases is a risk profile created for threats?

- A. Phase 3
- B. Phase 1
- C. Phase 2
- D. Phase 0

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 333

Which of the following parts of BS 7799 covers risk analysis and management?

- A. Part 1
- B. Part 3
- C. Part 2
- D. Part 4

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 337

Which of the following NIST documents includes components for penetration testing?

- A. NIST SP 800-53
- B. NIST SP 800-26
- C. NIST SP 800-37
- D. NIST SP 800-30

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 340

Which of the following is a risk that is created by the response to another risk?

- A. Secondary risk
- B. Residual risk
- C. Positive risk
- D. Negative risk

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 343

In which of the following phases does the SSAA maintenance take place?

- A. Phase 4
- B. Phase 2
- C. Phase 1
- D. Phase 3

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 347

In which of the following phases do the system security plan update and the Plan of Action and Milestones (POAM) update take place?

- A. Continuous Monitoring Phase
- B. Accreditation Phase
- C. Preparation Phase
- D. DITSCAP Phase

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 352

Which of the following individuals is responsible for preparing and submitting security status reports to the organizations?

- A. Chief Information Officer
- B. Senior Agency Information Security Officer
- C. Common Control Provider
- D. Authorizing Official

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 354

In which of the following DITSCAP phases is the SSAA developed?

- A. Phase 2
- B. Phase 4
- C. Phase 1
- D. Phase 3

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 359

Which of the following recovery plans includes a monitoring process and triggers for initiating planned actions?

- A. Business continuity plan
- B. Contingency plan
- C. Continuity of Operations Plan
- D. Disaster recovery plan

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 362

Which of the following NIST documents defines impact?

- A. NIST SP 800-26
- B. NIST SP 800-53A
- C. NIST SP 800-53
- D. NIST SP 800-30

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 367

Which of the following relations correctly describes total risk?

- A. Total Risk = Threats x Vulnerability x Asset Value
- B. Total Risk = Viruses x Vulnerability x Asset Value
- C. Total Risk = Threats x Exploit x Asset Value
- D. Total Risk = Viruses x Exploit x Asset Value

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 369

A _____ points to a statement in a policy or procedure that helps determine a course of action.

- A. Comment
- B. Guideline
- C. Procedure
- D. Baseline

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 374

Which of the following are the types of assessment tests addressed in NIST SP 800-53A?

- A. Functional, penetration, validation
- B. Validation, evaluation, penetration
- C. Validation, penetration, evaluation
- D. Functional, structural, penetration

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 375

Tom is the project manager for his organization. In his project he has recently finished the risk response planning. He tells his manager that he will now need to update the cost and schedule baselines. Why would the risk response planning cause Tom the need to update the cost and schedule baselines?

- A. New or omitted work as part of a risk response can cause changes to the cost and/or schedule baseline.
- B. Risk responses protect the time and investment of the project.
- C. Risk responses may take time and money to implement.
- D. Baselines should not be updated, but refined through versions.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 378

Eric is the project manager of the NQQ Project and has hired the ZAS Corporation to complete part of the project work for Eric's organization. Due to a change request the ZAS Corporation is no longer needed on the project even though they have completed nearly all of the project work. Is Eric's organization liable to pay the ZAS Corporation for the work they have completed so far on the project?

- A. No, the ZAS Corporation did not complete all of the work.
- B. Yes, the ZAS Corporation did not choose to terminate the contract work.
- C. It depends on what the outcome of a lawsuit will determine.
- D. It depends on what the termination clause of the contract stipulates

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 382

Harry is a project manager of a software development project. In the early stages of planning, he and the stakeholders operated with the belief that the software they were developing would work with their organization's current computer operating system. Now that the project team has started developing the software it has become apparent that the software will not work with nearly half of the organization's computer operating systems. The incorrect belief Harry had in the software compatibility is an example of what in project management?

- A. Assumption
- B. Issue
- C. Risk
- D. Constraint

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 387

Which one of the following is the only output for the qualitative risk analysis process?

- A. Enterprise environmental factors
- B. Project management plan
- C. Risk register updates
- D. Organizational process assets

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 389

You work as a project manager for BlueWell Inc. There has been a delay in your project work that is adversely affecting the project schedule. You decided, with your stakeholders' approval, to fast track the project work to get the project done faster. When you fast track the project which of the following are likely to increase?

- A. Risks
- B. Human resource needs
- C. Quality control concerns
- D. Costs

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 391

During which of the following processes, probability and impact matrix is prepared?

- A. Plan Risk Responses
- B. Perform Quantitative Risk Analysis
- C. Perform Qualitative Risk Analysis
- D. Monitoring and Control Risks

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 394

Which of the following is used to indicate that the software has met a defined quality level and is ready for mass distribution either by electronic means or by physical media?

- A. DAA
- B. RTM
- C. ATM
- D. CRO

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 399

A security policy is an overall general statement produced by senior management that dictates what role security plays within the organization. What are the different types of policies?

Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Systematic
- B. Regulatory
- C. Advisory
- D. Informative

Answer: BCD

NEW QUESTION 403

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