

AZ-304 Dumps

Microsoft Azure Architect Design (beta)

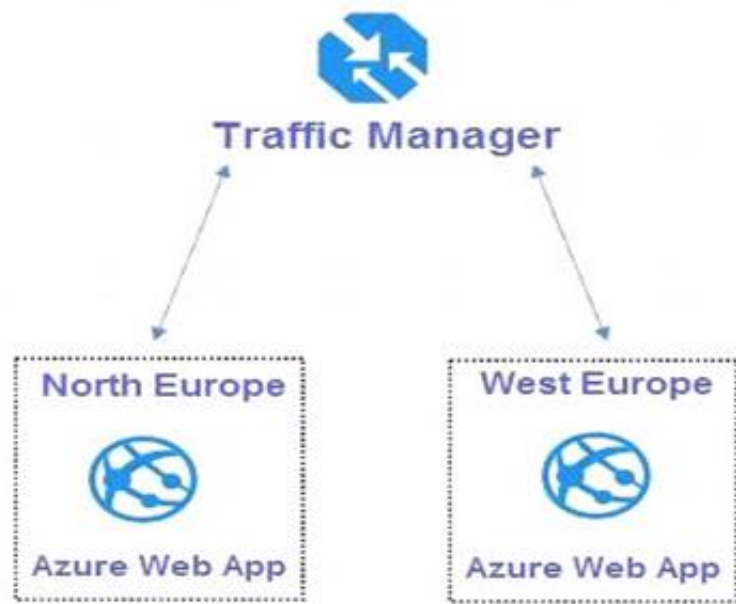
<https://www.certleader.com/AZ-304-dumps.html>



NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 1)

You design a solution for the web tier of WebApp1 as shown in the exhibit.



For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

| Statements | Yes | No |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| The design supports the technical requirements for redundancy. | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| The design supports autoscaling. | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| The design requires a manual configuration if an Azure region fails. | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Yes

Any new deployments to Azure must be redundant in case an Azure region fails.

Traffic Manager uses DNS to direct client requests to the most appropriate service endpoint based on a traffic-routing method and the health of the endpoints. An endpoint is any Internet-facing service hosted inside or outside of Azure. Traffic Manager provides a range of traffic-routing methods and endpoint monitoring options to suit different application needs and automatic failover models. Traffic Manager is resilient to failure, including the failure of an entire Azure region.

Box 2: Yes

Recent changes in Azure brought some significant changes in autoscaling options for Azure Web Apps (i.e. Azure App Service to be precise as scaling happens on App Service plan level and has effect on all Web Apps running in that App Service plan).

Box 3: No

Traffic Manager provides a range of traffic-routing methods and endpoint monitoring options to suit different application needs and automatic failover models.

Traffic Manager is resilient to failure, including the failure of an entire Azure region.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/traffic-manager/traffic-manager-overview> <https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/hsirtl/2017/07/03/autoscaling-azure-web-apps/>

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to recommend a strategy for the web tier of WebApp1. The solution must minimize What should you recommend?

- A. Create a runbook that resizes virtual machines automatically to a smaller size outside of business hours.
- B. Configure the Scale Up settings for a web app.
- C. Deploy a virtual machine scale set that scales out on a 75 percent CPU threshold.
- D. Configure the Scale Out settings for a web app.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to recommend a data storage strategy for WebApp1. What should you include in in the recommendation?

- A. an Azure SQL Database elastic pool
- B. a vCore-based Azure SQL database
- C. an Azure virtual machine that runs SQL Server
- D. a fixed-size DTU AzureSQL database.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 2)

You need to recommend a backup solution for the data store of the payment processing. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Microsoft System Center Data Protection Manager (DPM)
- B. long-term retention
- C. a Recovery Services vault
- D. Azure Backup Server

Answer: B

Explanation:

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-long-term-backup-retention-configure>

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 2)

You need to recommend a backup solution for the data store of the payment processing system.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Microsoft System Center Data Protection Manager (DPM)
- B. Azure Backup Server
- C. Azure SQL long-term backup retention
- D. Azure Managed Disks

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-long-term-backup-retention-configure>

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 3)

You architect a solution that calculates 3D geometry from height-map data. You have the following requirements:

Perform calculations in Azure.

Each node must communicate data to every other node.

Maximize the number of nodes to calculate multiple scenes as fast as possible. Require the least amount of effort to implement.

You need to recommend a solution.

Which two actions should you recommend? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Create a render farm that uses Azure Batch.
- B. Enable parallel file systems on Azure.
- C. Enable parallel task execution on compute nodes.
- D. Create a render farm that uses virtual machine (VM) scale sets.
- E. Create a render farm that uses virtual machines (VMs).

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have an on-premises Hyper-V cluster. The cluster contains Hyper-V hosts that run Windows Server 2016 Datacenter. The hosts are licensed under a Microsoft Enterprise Agreement that has Software Assurance.

The Hyper-V cluster hosts 3 virtual machines that run Windows Server 2012 R2. Each virtual machine runs a different workload. The workloads have predictable consumption patterns.

You plan to replace the virtual machines with Azure virtual machines that run Windows Server 2016. The virtual machines will be sized according to the consumption pattern of each workload.

You need to recommend a solution to minimize the compute costs of the Azure virtual machines.

Which two recommendations should you include in the solution? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Purchase Azure Reserved Virtual Machine Instances for the Azure virtual machines
- B. Create a virtual machine scale set that uses autoscaling
- C. Configure a spending limit in the Azure account center
- D. Create a lab in Azure DevTest Labs and place the Azure virtual machines in the lab
- E. Activate Azure Hybrid Benefit for the Azure virtual machines

Answer: AE

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/reserved-vm-instances/> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/hybrid-use-benefit-licensing>

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have an Azure subscription that is linked to an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant. The subscription contains 10 resource groups, one for each department at your company. Each department has a specific spending limit for its Azure resources.

You need to ensure that when a department reaches its spending limit, the compute resources of the department shut down automatically.

Which two features should you include in the solution? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Azure Logic Apps
- B. Azure Monitor alerts
- C. the spending limit of an Azure account
- D. Cost Management budgets
- E. Azure Log Analytics alerts

Answer: CD

Explanation:

C: The spending limit in Azure prevents spending over your credit amount. All new customers who sign up for an Azure free account or subscription types that include credits over multiple months have the spending limit turned on by default. The spending limit is equal to the amount of credit and it can't be changed.

D: Turn on the spending limit after removing

This feature is available only when the spending limit has been removed indefinitely for subscription types that include credits over multiple months. You can use this feature to turn on your spending limit automatically at the start of the next billing period.

- Sign in to the Azure portal as the Account Administrator.
- Search for Cost Management + Billing.
- Etc.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cost-management-billing/manage/spending-limit>

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 3)

You are planning to deploy an application named App1 that will run in containers on Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) clusters. The AKS clusters will be distributed across four Azure regions.

You need to recommend a storage solution for App1. Updated container images must be replicated automatically to all the AKS clusters.

Which storage solution should you recommend?

- A. Premium SKU Azure Container Registry
- B. Azure Content Delivery Network (CDN)
- C. geo redundant storage (GRS) accounts
- D. Azure Cache for Redis

Answer: A

Explanation:

Enable geo-replication for container images.

Best practice: Store your container images in Azure Container Registry and geo-replicate the registry to each AKS region.

To deploy and run your applications in AKS, you need a way to store and pull the container images. Container Registry integrates with AKS, so it can securely store your container images or Helm charts. Container Registry supports multimaster geo-replication to automatically replicate your images to Azure regions around the world.

Geo-replication is a feature of Premium SKU container registries. Note:

When you use Container Registry geo-replication to pull images from the same region, the results are: Faster: You pull images from high-speed, low-latency network connections within the same Azure region.

More reliable: If a region is unavailable, your AKS cluster pulls the images from an available container registry.

Cheaper: There's no network egress charge between datacenters. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/aks/operator-best-practices-multi-region>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 3)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Storage v2 account named Storage1. You plan to archive data to Storage1.

You need to ensure that the archived data cannot be deleted for five years. The solution must prevent administrators from deleting the data.

Solution: You create a file share and snapshots. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Instead you could create an Azure Blob storage container, and you configure a legal hold access policy. References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-immutable-storage>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 3)

You are developing a web application that provides streaming video to users. You configure the application to use continuous integration and deployment.

The app must be highly available and provide a continuous streaming experience for users.

You need to recommend a solution that allows the application to store data in a geographical location that is closest to the user.

What should you recommend?

- A. Azure App Service Web Apps
- B. Azure App Service Isolated
- C. Azure Redis Cache
- D. Azure Content Delivery Network (CDN)

Answer: D

Explanation:

Azure Content Delivery Network (CDN) is a global CDN solution for delivering high-bandwidth content. It can be hosted in Azure or any other location. With Azure CDN, you can cache static objects loaded from Azure Blob storage, a web application, or any publicly accessible web server, by using the closest point of presence (POP) server. Azure CDN can also accelerate dynamic content, which cannot be cached, by leveraging various network and routing optimizations.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-in/azure/cdn/>

NEW QUESTION 14

- (Exam Topic 3)

Your company purchases an app named App1.

You plan to run App1 on seven Azure virtual machines in an Availability Set. The number of fault domains is set to 3. The number of update domains is set to 20.

You need to identify how many App1 instances will remain available during a period of planned maintenance. How many App1 instances should you identify?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 6
- D. 7

Answer: C

Explanation:

Only one update domain is rebooted at a time. Here there are 7 update domain with one VM each (and 13 update domain with no VM).

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/manage-availability>

NEW QUESTION 17

- (Exam Topic 3)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Storage v2 account named Storage1. You plan to archive data to Storage1.

You need to ensure that the archived data cannot be deleted for five years. The solution must prevent administrators from deleting the data.

Solution: You create a file share, and you configure an access policy. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Instead of a file share, an immutable Blob storage is required.

Time-based retention policy support: Users can set policies to store data for a specified interval. When a time-based retention policy is set, blobs can be created and read, but not modified or deleted. After the retention period has expired, blobs can be deleted but not overwritten.

Note: Set retention policies and legal holds

- * 1. Create a new container or select an existing container to store the blobs that need to be kept in the immutable state. The container must be in a general-purpose v2 or Blob storage account.
- * 2. Select Access policy in the container settings. Then select Add policy under Immutable blob storage.
- * 3. To enable time-based retention, select Time-based retention from the drop-down menu.
- * 4. Enter the retention interval in days (acceptable values are 1 to 146000 days). References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-immutable-storage> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-immutability-policies-manage>

NEW QUESTION 21

- (Exam Topic 3)

You plan to deploy a network-intensive application to several Azure virtual machines. You need to recommend a solution that meets the following requirements:

- Minimizes the use of the virtual machine processors to transfer data
- Minimizes network latency

Which virtual machine size and feature should you use? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Virtual machine size:

| |
|--|
| Compute optimized Standard_F8s |
| General purpose Standard_B8ms |
| High performance compute Standard_H16r |
| Memory optimized Standard_E16s_v3 |

Feature:

| |
|---|
| Receive side scaling (RSS) |
| Remote Direct Memory Access (RDMA) |
| Single root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV) |
| Virtual Machine Multi-Queue (VMMQ) |

- A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/sizes-hpc#h-series>

NEW QUESTION 22

- (Exam Topic 3)

You are designing a message application that will run on an on-premises Ubuntu virtual machine. The application will use Azure Storage queues.

You need to recommend a processing solution for the application to interact with the storage queues. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Create and delete queues daily.
- Be scheduled by using a CRON job.
- Upload messages every five minutes.

What should developers use to interact with the queues?

- A. Azure CLI
B. AzCopy
C. Azure Data Factory
D. .NET Core

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/queues/storage-tutorial-queues>

NEW QUESTION 23

- (Exam Topic 3)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution. While others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an on-premises Hyper-V cluster that hosts 20 virtual machines. Some virtual machines run Windows Server 2016 and some run Linux.

You plan to migrate the virtual machines to an Azure subscription.

You need to recommend a solution to replicate the disks of the virtual machines to Azure. The solution must ensure that the virtual machines remain available during the migration of the disks.

Solution: You recommend implementing a Recovery Services vault and then using Azure Site Recovery. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
B. No

Answer: A

Explanation:

Site Recovery can replicate on-premises VMware VMs, Hyper-V VMs, physical servers (Windows and Linux), Azure Stack VMs to Azure.

Note: Site Recovery helps ensure business continuity by keeping business apps and workloads running during outages. Site Recovery replicates workloads running on physical and virtual machines (VMs) from a primary site to a secondary location. When an outage occurs at your primary site, you fail over to secondary location, and access apps from there. After the primary location is running again, you can fail back to it.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/site-recovery/site-recovery-overview>

NEW QUESTION 28

- (Exam Topic 3)

You need to recommend a solution to deploy containers that run an application. The application has two tiers.

Each tier is implemented as a separate Docker Linux-based image. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- The front-end tier must be accessible by using a public IP address on port 80.
- The backend tier must be accessible by using port 8080 from the front-end tier only.
- Both containers must be able to access the same Azure file share.
- If a container fails, the application must restart automatically.
- Costs must be minimized.

What should you recommend using to host the application?

- A. Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)
- B. Azure Service Fabric
- C. Azure Container instances

Answer: C

Explanation:

Azure Container Instances enables a layered approach to orchestration, providing all of the scheduling and management capabilities required to run a single container, while allowing orchestrator platforms to manage multi-container tasks on top of it.

Because the underlying infrastructure for container instances is managed by Azure, an orchestrator platform does not need to concern itself with finding an appropriate host machine on which to run a single container.

Azure Container Instances can schedule both Windows and Linux containers with the same API. Orchestration of container instances exclusively

Because they start quickly and bill by the second, an environment based exclusively on Azure Container Instances offers the fastest way to get started and to deal with highly variable workloads.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/container-instances/container-instances-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/container-instances/container-instances-orchestrator-relationship>

NEW QUESTION 32

.....

Thank You for Trying Our Product

* 100% Pass or Money Back

All our products come with a 90-day Money Back Guarantee.

* One year free update

You can enjoy free update one year. 24x7 online support.

* Trusted by Millions

We currently serve more than 30,000,000 customers.

* Shop Securely

All transactions are protected by VeriSign!

100% Pass Your AZ-304 Exam with Our Prep Materials Via below:

<https://www.certleader.com/AZ-304-dumps.html>