



Cisco

Exam Questions 352-001

CCDE Written Exam

NEW QUESTION 1

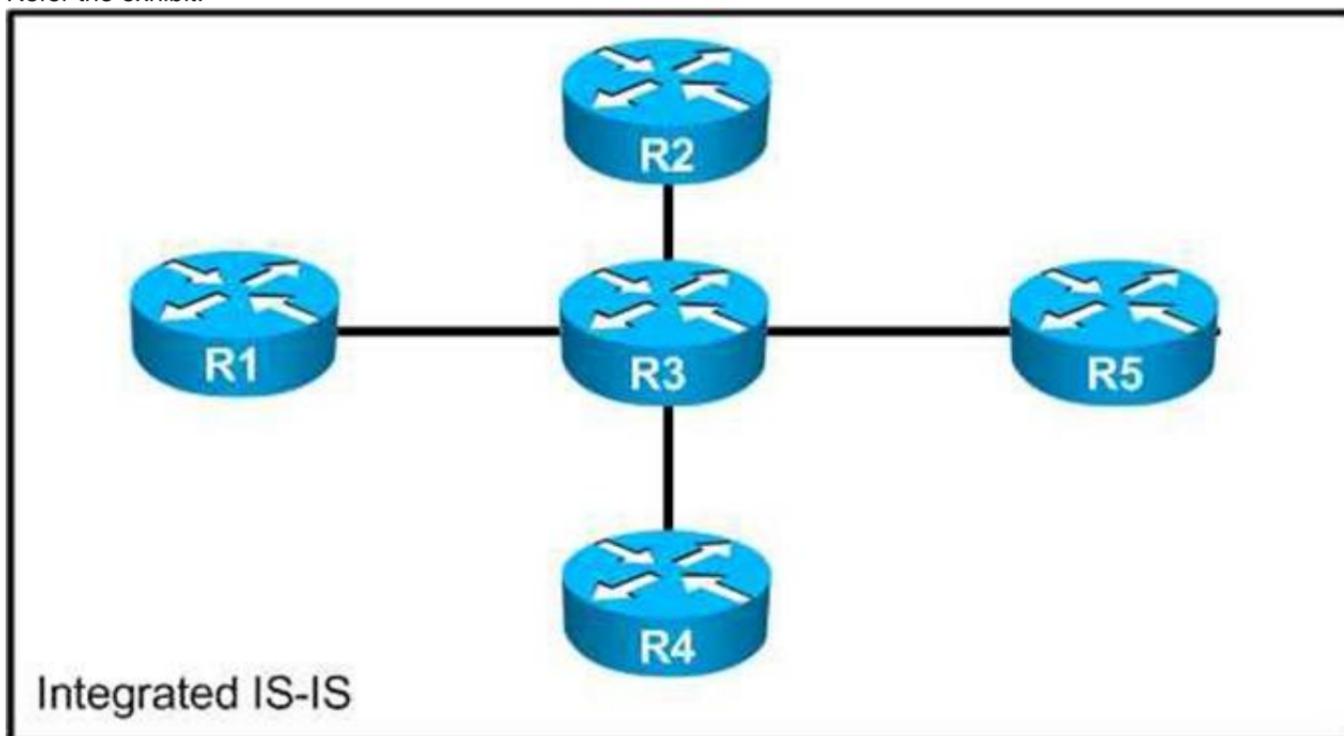
Which statement about TAP and TUN devices, which are used in a Linux/KVM cloud deployment model, is true?

- A. TUN is for handling IP packets, but TAP is for handling Ethernet frames
- B. TUN is for handling Ethernet frames, but TAP is for handling IP packets
- C. TUN is for tunneling IP packets, but TAP is for tapping IP packets
- D. TUN is for tunneling Ethernet frames, but TAP is for tapping Ethernet frames

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 2

Refer the exhibit.



You have designed a IPv6 migration plan, and now you need to determine the impact on the existing IPv4 network. Which is likely to happen when you enable IPv6 routing on the link between R3 and R2, starting at R3?

- A. R3 advertises the link from R3-R2 to R1, R4 and R5 only.
- B. R2 receives an IPv6 default route from R3.
- C. Only R3 and R2 have IPv4 and IPv6 reachability.
- D. Loopback reachability between all routers for IPv4 is lost.
- E. All routers except R2 are reachable through IPv4.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 3

Which technology, implemented on aggregation –edge nodes at the aggregation layer, provides per –tenant isolation at Layer 3, with separate dedicated per-tenant routing and forwarding tables on the inside interfaces of firewall contexts?

- A. VDC
- B. VLAN
- C. VXLAN
- D. VRF-lite

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 4

You are designing an optical network. Your goal is to ensure that your design contains the highest degree of resiliency. In which two ways should you leverage a wavelength-switched optical network solution in your network design? (Choose two.)

- A. a wavelength-switched optical network guarantees restoration based strictly on the shortest path available
- B. a wavelength-switched optical network provides fault tolerance for single failures only
- C. a wavelength-switched optical network takes linear and nonlinear optical impairment calculation into account
- D. a wavelength-switched optical network assigns routing and wavelength information
- E. a wavelength-switched optical network eliminates the need for dispersion compensating units in a network

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 5

A very large enterprise customer is migrating from EIGRP to IS-IS .What is your main concern in regards to change in the path packets take after the migration is complete?

- A. The areas sizes.
- B. The number of prefixes
- C. The redistribution points.

D. The bandwidth and metrics of the links.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 6

A large enterprise network running IS-IS wants to deploy IGP traffic engineering, but they are concerned that the IS-IS default metrics are not flexible enough. Which feature must be enabled to provide traffic engineering with the minimum amount of changes?

- A. IS-IS Narrow Metrics
- B. IS-IS DIS
- C. IS-IS Wide Metrics
- D. IS-IS Multitopology

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 7

A network designer wants to improve a company network design due to multiple network crashes. Which technology would allow for the restore of a network connection without informing the Layer 3 protocol?

- A. Bidirectional Forwarding Detection
- B. automatic protection switching
- C. UDLD
- D. Ethernet OAM

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 8

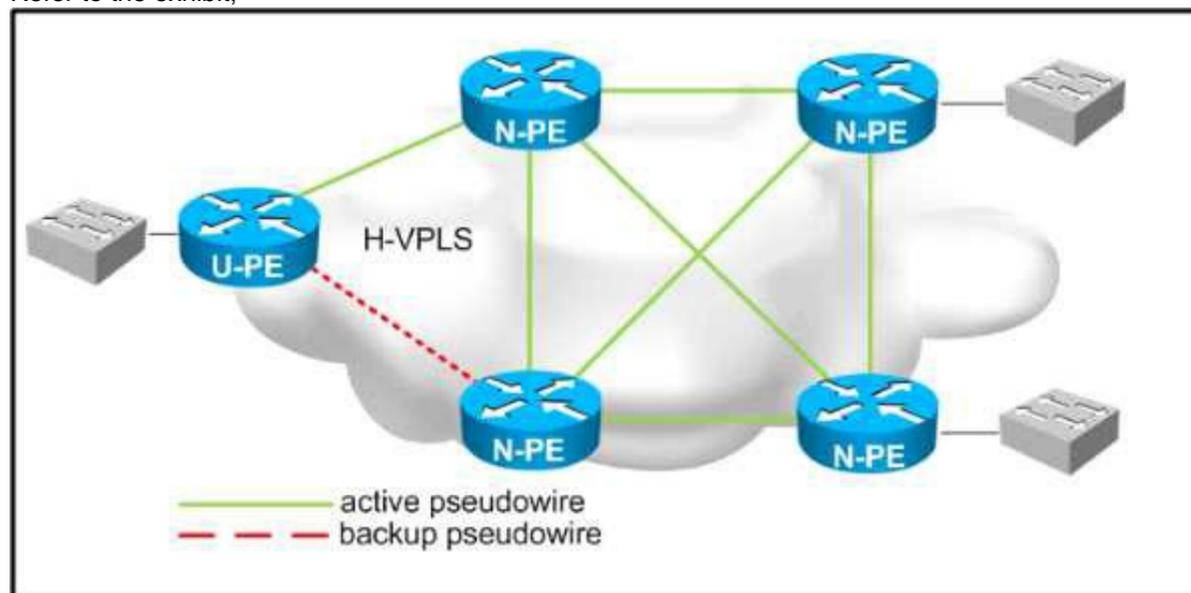
Which two components are the responsibility of the customers in a platform as a Service offering? (Choose two)

- A. Applications
- B. Infrastructure connectivity
- C. Hardware
- D. Data
- E. APIs

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 9

Refer to the exhibit,



Which two design considerations should be implemented on the pseudowire between N-PE and U-PE routers for a loop-free hierarchical VPLS service? (Choose two)

- A. Disable split horizon towards the U-PE router.
- B. Disable MAC learning on the U-PE router.
- C. Enable split horizon towards the N-PE routers.
- D. Disable MAC learning on the U-PE routers.
- E. Disable MAC learning on the U-PE routers.
- F. Enable split horizon towards the U-PE routers.
- G. Disable split horizon toward the N-PE routers.

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 10

You are designing a WAN network solution with EIGRP based on VPLS. The interface speed is 10Mb/s, but the access rate of the WAN connection is 256 Kb/s. What should you include in the network design, in order to avoid potential issues with EIGRP?

- A. Limit EIGRP traffic to the access rate with a policer.
- B. Tag outbound EIGRP traffic and have the WAN provider add it to the priority queue.

- C. Limit traffic to the access rate with interface traffic shaping.
- D. Set the interface bandwidth to match the access rate.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 10

You are designing the QoS features for a large enterprise network that includes DMVPN. In which situation should you use the QoS pre-classify feature?

- A. When you are marking packets with the ToS bits
- B. When the QoS policy cannot be based on DSCP bits
- C. When you are marking packets with the DSCP bits
- D. When your service provider requires the DSCP bits be set

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 14

You are consultant network designer for a large GET VPN deployment for a large bank with International coverage. Between 1800 and 2000 remote locations connect to the central location through four hubs using an MPLS backbone and using two keys servers. The bank is concerned with security and replay attacks. Which two actions should you use to tune the GET VPN to meet the bank requirements? (Choose two)

- A. Increase the cryptographic key size.
- B. Replace unicast rekey with multicast rekey.
- C. Reduce the SAR clock interval duration
- D. Increase the TEK and KEK lifetime.
- E. Reduce the Dead Peer Detection periodic timer.

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 18

What is a correct design consideration of IPv6 MLD snooping?

- A. MLD snooping conserves bandwidth on switches.
- B. MLD snooping is used to filter all MLD queries.
- C. MLD snooping requires IGMP snooping to be implemented.
- D. MLD snooping conserves CPU by sharing IPv4 and IPv6 multicast topology.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 22

ACME Agricultural requires that access to all network devices is granted based on identify validation, and an authentication server was installed for this purpose. Currently the network team uses a list of passwords based on regions to access the internal corporate network devices. Which protocol do you recommend to ensure identify validation from the authentication server to the corporate directory?

- A. HTTPS
- B. TACACS+
- C. SSH
- D. LDAP

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 27

An network is designed to use OSPF to reach eBGP peers. Which condition should be avoided in the design to potentially prevent the eBGP peers do not flap continuously in case of link failure?

- A. Disable BGP synchronization.
- B. Advertise IP addresses used on eBGP peer statement via a non-backbone OSPF area.
- C. Advertise via eBGP IP addresses used on eBGP peer statements.
- D. Use an ACL to block BGP in one direction.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 29

Which two options are design considerations when introducing FCoE into an existing network? (Choose two)

- A. The FCoE QoS markings may overlap with call signaling QoS markings
- B. Optical cabling is needed to transmit FCoE traffic between a server and its directly connected Ethernet switch
- C. The existing network must support a MTU of 3280 bytes
- D. Twinaxial cabling can be used to transmit FCoE traffic between a server and its directly connected Ethernet switch, if it is less than 10 meters
- E. All the servers in the data center must be retrofitted with converged Network Adapters

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 34

Which two options are considered risks or concerns when both the Internet and VPN service functions are on the same PE router? (Choose two.)

- A. Internet-based attacks can affect VPN customers.
- B. BGP cannot simultaneously run on the PE router that runs MPLS.
- C. MP-BGP prefixes increase routers' global routing tables, which affects network convergence.
- D. Failure on the PE router affects both VPN and Internet services.
- E. Customer performance can be affected by VPN traffic if Internet-based traffic is not prioritized on the PE

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 36

Which option describes a design benefit of root guard?

- A. It prevents switch loops caused by unidirectional point-to-point link condition on Rapid PVST+ and MST.
- B. It prevents switch loops by detecting on one-way communications on the physical port.
- C. It allows small, unmanaged switches to be plugged into ports of access switches without the risk of switch loops.
- D. It makes the port go immediately into the forwarding state after being connected.
- E. It prevents switched traffic from traversing suboptimal paths on the network.
- F. It does not generate a spanning-tree topology change upon connecting and disconnecting a station on a port.

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 38

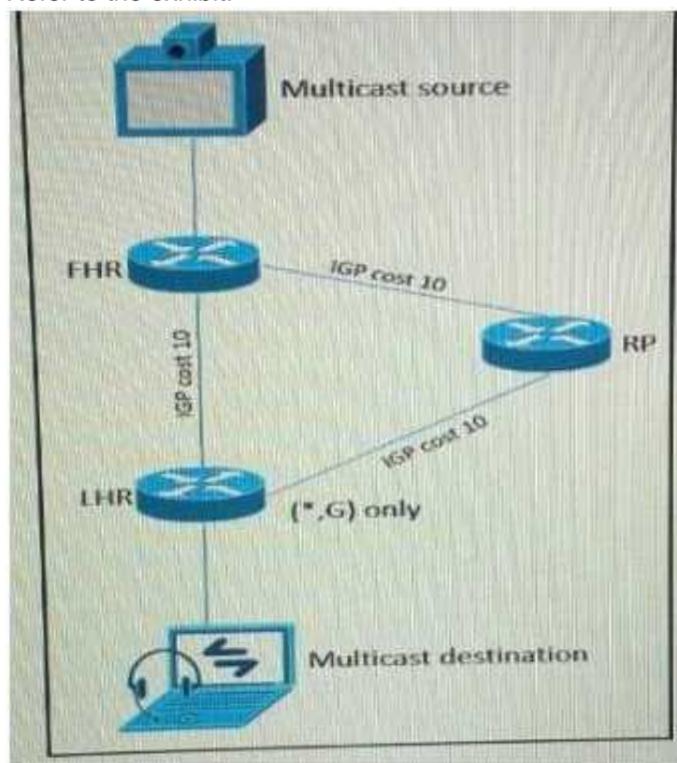
Which two options are Loop-Free Alternate design considerations? (Choose two)

- A. MPLS TE must be enabled because it is used for building the backup paths
- B. Backup coverage and effectiveness is dependent on the network topology
- C. It can simplify the capacity planning by matching the backup path with the post-convergence path
- D. It provides an optional backup path by avoiding low bandwidth and edge links
- E. It can impact SLA-sensitive appliance by routing traffic to low bandwidth links while IGP convergence is in progress

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 39

Refer to the exhibit.



As part of a redesign project, you must predict multicast behavior. What is the resultant multicast traffic receiving on the shared tree (*, G), if it is received on the LHR interface indicated?

- A. It is dropped due to an unsuccessful RPF check against the multicast receiver
- B. It is switched due to a successful RPF check against the routing table
- C. It is switched given that no RPF check is performed
- D. It is dropped due to an unsuccessful RPF check against the multicast source

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 44

As a part of a network design, you should tighten security to prevent man-in-the-middle. Which two security options ensure that authorized ARP responses take place according to know IP-to-MAC address mapping? (Choose two)

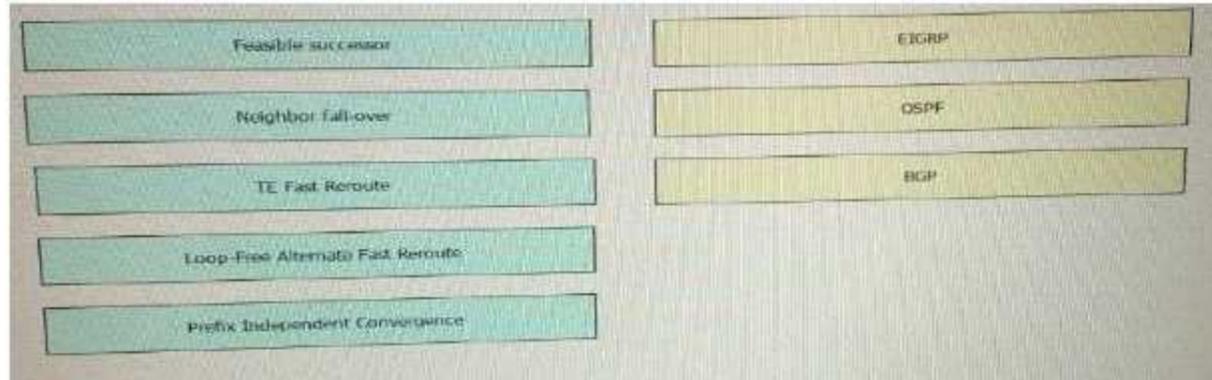
- A. DHCP snooping
- B. ARP spoofing
- C. ARP rate limiting
- D. Dynamic ARP Inspection
- E. Port security

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 46

DRAG DROP

Drag the fast Reroute mechanism on the left and drop it onto the corresponding routing protocol on the right



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

A, D, E

NEW QUESTION 48

Which three network management requirements are common practices in network design? (Choose three)

- A. Collect RMON poll information for future regression analysis
- B. Ensure that all network devices have their clocks synchronized
- C. Look at average counters instead of instantaneous counters for inconsistent and bursty KPIs, such as CPU utilization and interface utilization.
- D. Collect SNMP poll information for future regression analysis
- E. Validate data plane health, application and services availability with synthetic traffic
- F. Capture both ingress and egress flow-based packet
- G. While avoiding duplications of flows

Answer: BCD

NEW QUESTION 51

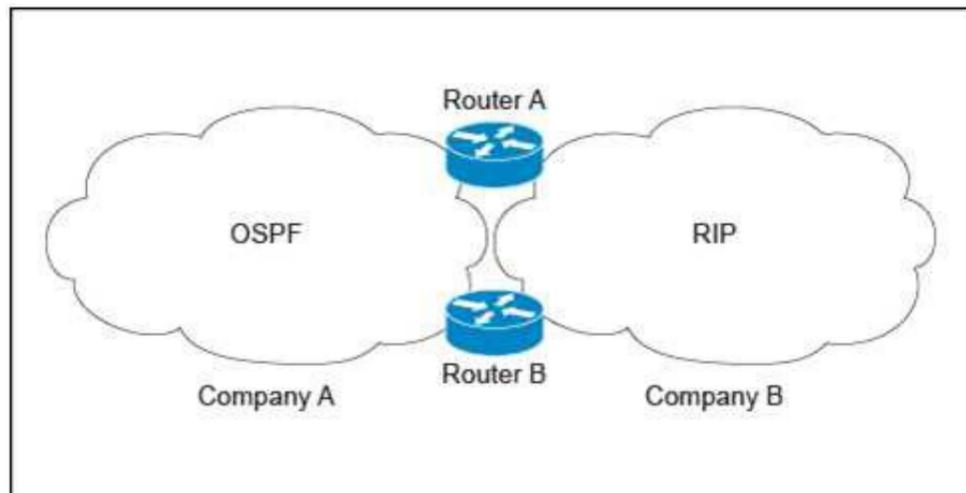
A customer requests that you determine how much of their remote branch traffic into a central data center is related to a call manager that resides in the data center. Which solution do you recommend?

- A. Enable NetFlow on branch routers
- B. Enable netFlow on central data center routers
- C. Perform SNMP polling of central data center routers
- D. Perform SNMP polling of branch routers
- E. Create an ACL on the local call manager switch with logging enabled
- F. Span traffic from the switch port on the call manager to a data analyzer

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 55

Refer to the exhibit.



Company A is running a single-area OSPF, and Company B is running RIP as the IGP with no overlapping IP address spaces. Company A has just acquired Company B and both networks must be merged. Which three design components are recommended to guarantee connectivity and redundancy between the two networks? (Choose three.)

- A. Enable mutual redistribution between OSPF and RIP on one border router.
- B. Enable mutual redistribution between OSPF and RIP on Router A and Router B using route tags.
- C. Increase the administrative distance to 130 for the OSPF external prefixes on Router A and Router B.
- D. Implement an ACL on Router A and Router B to prevent OSPF external routes from being installed in the OSPF database.
- E. Filter external routes on Router A and Router B based on route tags.

Answer: BCE

NEW QUESTION 58

Which two options are two advantages of summarizing networks at the aggregation layer rather than at the core? (Choose two.)

- A. It prevents the core from having unnecessary routes.
- B. It no longer needs a core layer.
- C. It prevents black hole routing.
- D. It avoids network-wide impact upon VLAN changes local to the aggregation devices.
- E. it allows for optimal routing

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 62

The service provider that you work for wants to offer IPv6 internet service to its customers without upgrading all of its access equipment to support IPv6, which transition technology do you recommend?

- A. NAT64
- B. CGN
- C. Dual-stack CPE
- D. 6RD

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 63

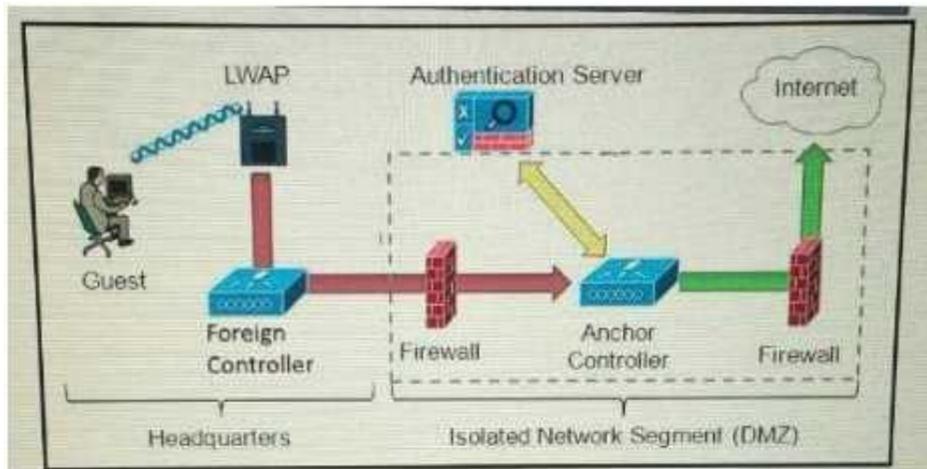
You are reviewing a new data center design for a customer. They chose to leverage a tunnel-based overlay technology for quick deployment and multitenant security. Which design concern can affect the availability across the data center?

- A. Nonoverlapping IP address space between the overlay networks
- B. MTU size on the underlay links
- C. Review of common paths on the underlay links
- D. Paper placement of STP root bridge in overlay networks

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 64

Refer to the exhibit.



Which solution must be used to send traffic from the foreign wireless LAN controller to the anchor wireless LAN controller?

- A. Encapsulate packets into an EoIP tunnel and send them to the anchor controller
- B. Send packets from the foreign controller to the anchor controller via Layer 3 MPLS VPN or VRF-Lite
- C. Send packets from the foreign controller to the anchor controller via IPinIP or IPsec tunnel
- D. Send packets without encapsulation to the anchor controller over the routed network

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 66

Which native mechanism does OSPF use to prevent loops in MPLS VPNs?

- A. CE devices that run OSPF set the DN bit toward the PE router
- B. PE devices that run OSPF clear the DN bit toward the CE router
- C. CE devices that run OSPF clear the DN bit toward the PE router
- D. Creation of PE to PE OSPF sham link across the MPLS-created super backbone
- E. PE routers verify OSPF domain IDs used by CE OSPF processes
- F. PE devices that run OSPF set the DN bit toward the CE router

Answer: F

NEW QUESTION 68

Which two statements about AToM are true? (Choose two)

- A. It encapsulates Layer 2 frames at the egress PE
- B. When using AToM, the IP precedence field is not copied to the MPLS packet
- C. AToM supports connecting different L2 technologies using interworking option
- D. The loopback address of the PE router must be either /24 or /32
- E. It provides support for L2VPN features on ATM interfaces

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 71

Which option reduces jitter in a VoIP network?

- A. Deploy WRED
- B. Deploy call Admission Control
- C. Adjust the playout delay buffer at the receiver
- D. Increase the bandwidth of the links

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 74

Which main IoT migration aspect should be reviewed for a manufacturing plant?

- A. Sensors
- B. Security
- C. Applications
- D. Wi-Fi Infrastructure
- E. Ethernet Switches

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 78

Which two control plane policer design options should you consider to achieve high availability?
(Choose two)

- A. Control plane policers require that adequate protocols overhead are factored in to allow protocol convergence
- B. Control plane policers are really needed only on externally facing devices
- C. Control plane policers can cause the network management systems to create false alarms
- D. Control plane policers are enforced in hardware to protect the software path, but they are hardware platform-dependent in terms of classification ability
- E. Control plane policers must be processed before a forwarding decision is made

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 82

A Mobile Service Provider would like to design and deploy an Ethernet service which has similar physical link failover/failback characteristics on the active/backup links as the APS/MSP SONET properties. Which Layer 2 service addresses should be considered to address this design feature?

- A. Port-Channel
- B. MLPPP
- C. Flex Link
- D. Ethernet Pseudowire

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 86

Which three reasons to deploy an IDS sensor in promiscuous mode when you design a security solution are true? (Choose three.)

- A. Solution should be resistant to sensor failure.
- B. Solution should allow for stream normalization.
- C. Solution should not impact jitter and latency for voice traffic.
- D. Solution should allow for signature-based pattern matching.
- E. Solution should allow to deny packets inline.

Answer: ACD

NEW QUESTION 88

Which two IoT use cases require the low latency and high reliability that 5G networks provide?

- A. Smart Home
- B. Automotive
- C. Health and Wellness
- D. Smart Cities
- E. Sports and Fitness

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 89

When is it required to leak routes into an IS-IS level 1 area?

- A. When MPLS L3VPN PE devices are configured in the level 1 areas
- B. When unequal cost load balancing is required between the backbone and nonbackbone areas
- C. When a multicast RP is configured in the nonbackbone area
- D. When equal cost load balancing is required between the backbone and nonbackbone areas

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 92

When designing fast convergence on a network using loop-free alternate, on which two basis can the next-hop routes be precomputed? (Choose two)

- A. Per neighbor
- B. Per network type
- C. Per link
- D. Per prefix
- E. Per failure type

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 96

What is a design benefit of PortFast?

- A. PortFast allows small, unmanaged switches to be plugged into ports of access switches without risking switch loops
- B. PortFast disables spanning-tree on the port, which puts the port into the forwarding state immediately after it is connected
- C. Portfast does not generate a spanning-tree topology change when a station on a port is connected or disconnected
- D. PortFast detects one-way communications on the physical port, when prevents switch loops
- E. PortFast prevents switched traffic from traversing suboptimal paths on the network
- F. PortFast prevents switch loops that are caused by a unidirectional point-to-point link condition on Rapid PVST+ and MST

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 101

Which solution suppress the effect of excessive interface flapping events on routing protocols?

- A. IP Event Dampening
- B. SPF Backoff
- C. Carrier Delay
- D. BFD

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 106

For a redesign requirement of the service provider network, summarization was implemented at multiple locations for each summary range. Now some customers of the service provider are complaining of higher latency and performance issues for a server hosted in the summarized are

- A. Which design issues must be considered when creating the summarization?
- B. Summarization adds CPU overhead on the routers sourcing the summarized advertisement.
- C. Summarization prevents the visibility of the metric to the component subnets.
- D. Summarization causes packet loss when RPF is enabled.
- E. Summarization creates routing loops.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 110

In a VPLS design solution, which situation indicates that BGP must be used instead of LDP in the control plane?

- A. MAC address learning scales better through BGP
- B. BGP supports VPLS interworking
- C. Pseudowire configuration overhead is reduced
- D. There are no full-mesh pseudowire due to the route reflection feature of BGP

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 113

Which two statements regarding to QoS marking are true? (Choose two)

- A. Shaping is one of the ways that packets can be remarked
- B. Class-based marking occurs after packet classification
- C. 802.1Q/p CoS bits and IP Precedence are both layer 3 marking fields
- D. QoS marking establishes a trust boundary that scheduling tools depend on
- E. MPLS EXP and DSCP are both layer 2 marking fields

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 118

As part of network design, two geographically separated data centers must be interconnected using Ethernet-over-MPLS pseudowire. The link between the sites is stable, the topology has no apparent loops, and the root bridges for the respective VLANs are stable and unchanging. Which aspect must be the part of the design to mitigate the risk of connectivity issues between the data centers?

- A. Enable Spanning Tree on one data center, and Rapid Reconfiguration of Spanning tree on the other
- B. Ensure that the spanning tree diameter for one or more VLANs is not too large.
- C. Enable UDLD on the link between the data centers.
- D. Enable root guard on the link between the data centers.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 120

A large ISP is analysing which IGP meets these following requirements Network must be resilient against unstable MTU in one side of newly released transmission pieces of equipment Network must support MPLS traffic engineering solution for future use Which IGP must be selected and why?

- A. ISIS : in case MTU changes your TE tunnels keep the LSP stable
- B. OSPF: adjacency remains up even if MTU changes
- C. OSPF: in case MTU changes your TE tunnels keep the LSP stable
- D. ISIS: adjacency remains up even if MTU changes

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 125

Which solution prevents microloops from be formed during network convergence time?

- A. RSVP-TE
- B. LFA
- C. Prefix suppression
- D. RLFA

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 128

Which feature must be part of the network design to wait a predetermined amount of time before notifying the routing protocol of a change in the path in the network?

- A. Transmit delay
- B. Throttle timer
- C. SPF hold time
- D. Interface dampening

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 131

What is an effect of using ingress filtering to prevent spoofed addresses on a network design?

- A. It reduces the effect of DDoS attacks when associated with DSCP remarking to Scavenger
- B. It protects the network infrastructure against spoofed DDoS attacks
- C. It filters RFC 1918 addresses
- D. It classifies bogon traffic and remarks it with DSCP bulk

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 135

DRAG DROP

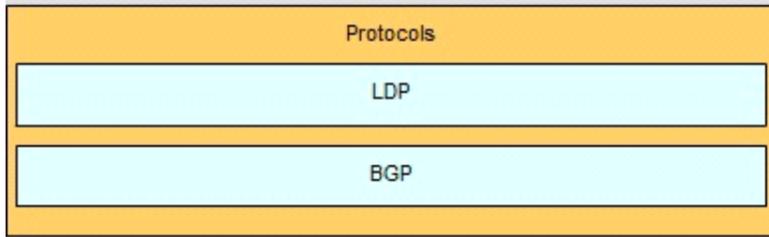
A service provider offers Layer 2 multipoint services to their customers. Drag the protocol on the left to the target on the right to indicate the protocols that can be used to signal pseudowires.

<div style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: #e0f7fa; padding: 5px; text-align: center; margin-bottom: 5px;">LDP</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: #e0f7fa; padding: 5px; text-align: center; margin-bottom: 5px;">RSVP</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: #e0f7fa; padding: 5px; text-align: center; margin-bottom: 5px;">BGP</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: #e0f7fa; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">L2TPv3</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: #fff9c4; padding: 5px; text-align: center; margin-bottom: 5px;">Protocols</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: #fff9c4; height: 20px; margin-bottom: 5px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: #fff9c4; height: 20px;"></div>
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- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:



NEW QUESTION 137

DRAG DROP

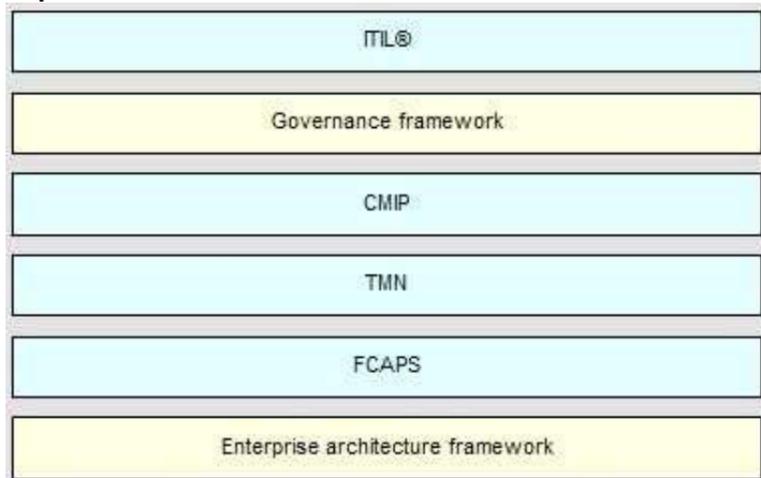
Drag the IT standards on the left to their network design application on the right. Not all applications will be used.

FCAPS	Change management
ITIL®	Governance framework
CMP	OSI-specified network management protocol
TMN	Telecommunications systems management framework
	Network management framework
	Enterprise architecture framework

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:



NEW QUESTION 140

DRAG DROP

You are designing a new data center network. Drag and drop new data center requirements on the left into the appropriate design principle on the right.

design a VLAN dedicated for storage traffic	fault isolation
design for server NIC teaming	redundancy
design a single VLAN per access switch	segmentation
design diverse cabling cabinets	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

design a single VLAN per access switch

design for server NIC teaming

design a VLAN dedicated for storage traffic

NEW QUESTION 142

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