

FCSS_EFW_AD-7.6 Dumps

FCSS - Enterprise Firewall 7.6 Administrator

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NEW QUESTION 1

A company's users on an IPsec VPN between FortiGate A and B have experienced intermittent issues since implementing VXLAN. The administrator suspects that packets exceeding the 1500-byte default MTU are causing the problems.

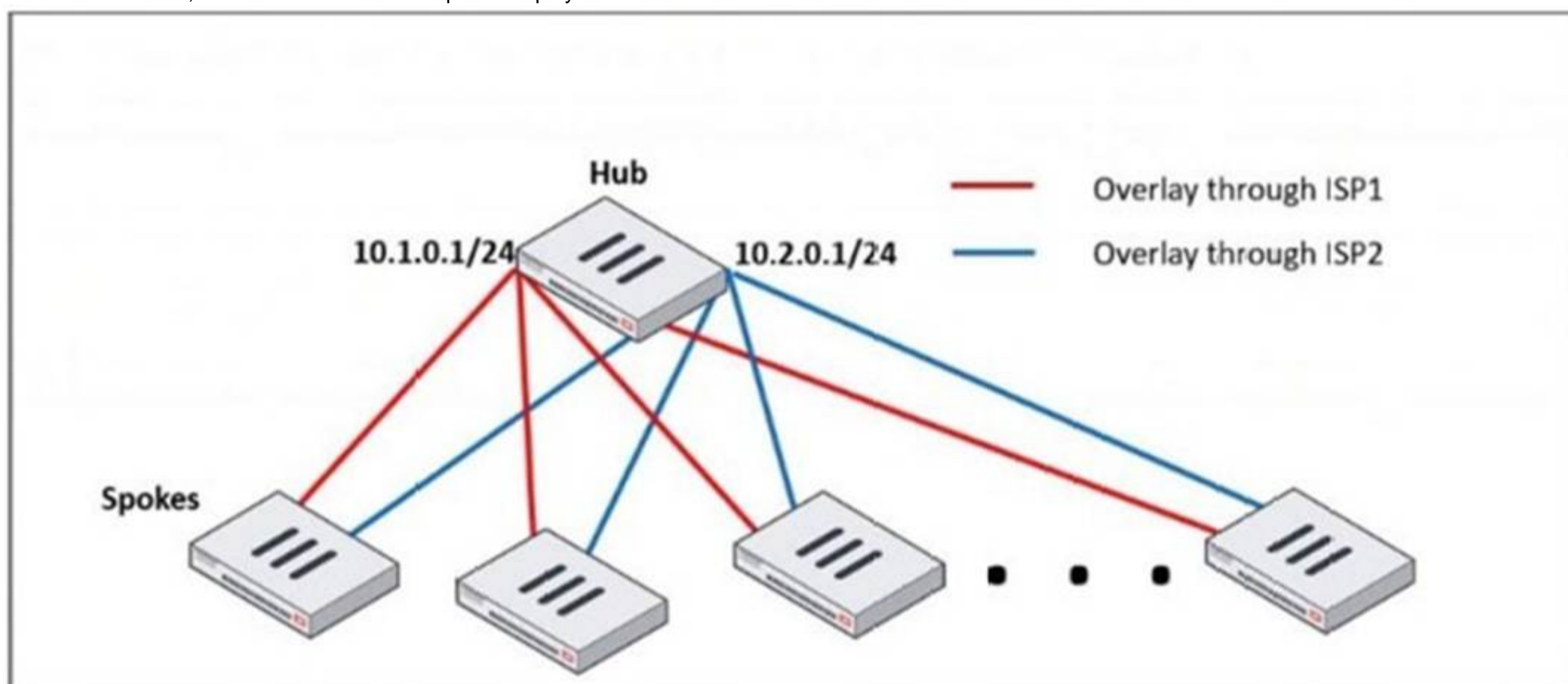
In which situation would adjusting the interface's maximum MTU value help resolve issues caused by protocols that add extra headers to IP packets?

- A. Adjust the MTU on interfaces only if FortiGate has the FortiGuard enterprise bundle, which allows MTU modification.
- B. Adjust the MTU on interfaces in all FortiGate devices that support the latest family of Fortinet SPUs: NP7, CP9 and SP5.
- C. Adjust the MTU on interfaces in controlled environments where all devices along the path allow MTU interface changes.
- D. Adjust the MTU on interfaces only in wired connections like PPPoE, optic fiber, and ethernet cable.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 2

Refer to the exhibit, which shows a hub and spokes deployment.



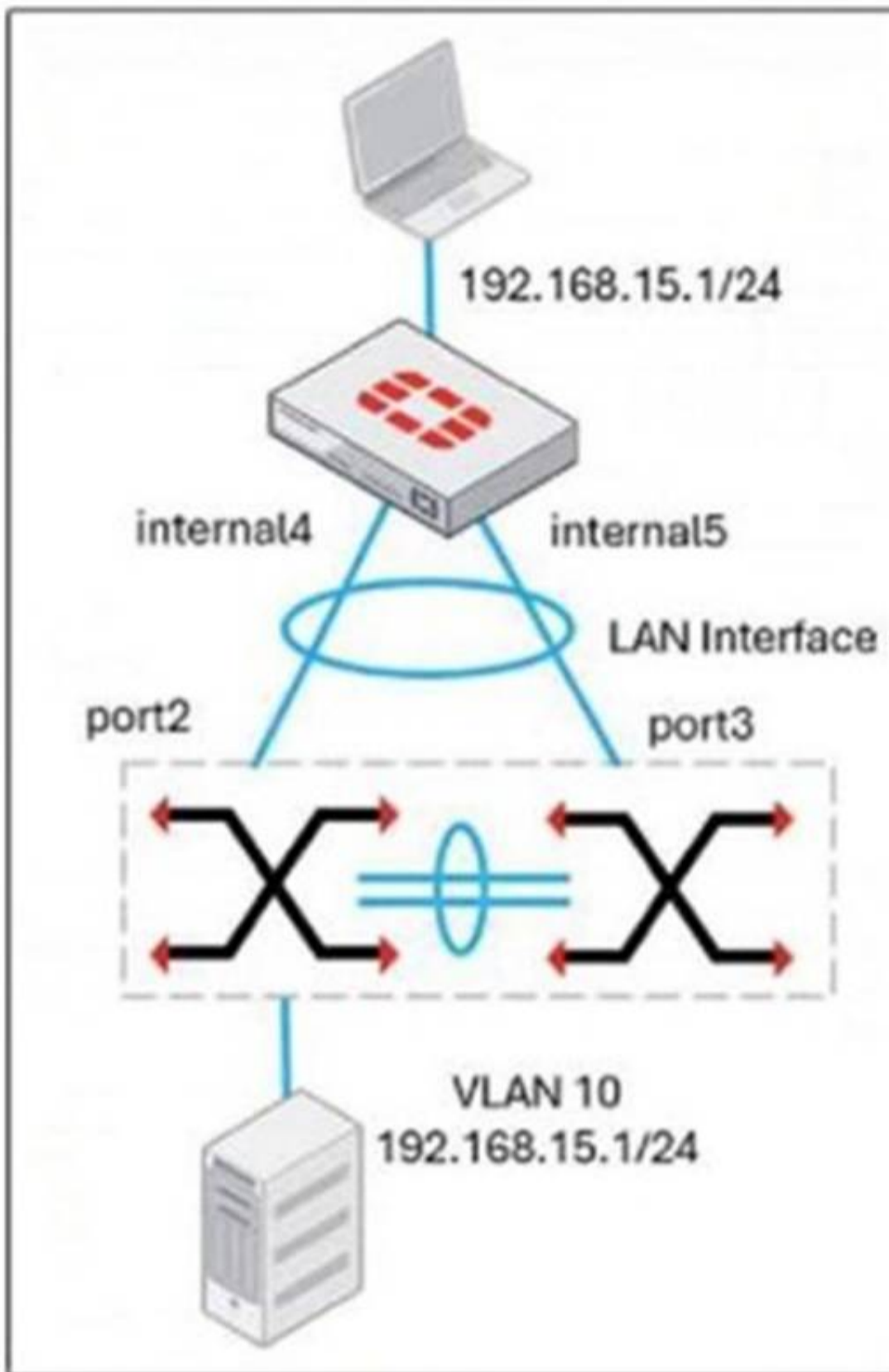
An administrator is deploying several spokes, including the BGP configuration for the spokes to connect to the hub. Which two commands allow the administrator to minimize the configuration? (Choose two.)

- A. neighbor-group
- B. route-reflector-client
- C. neighbor-range
- D. ibgp-enforce-multihop

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 3

Refer to the exhibit, which shows a LAN interface connected from FortiGate to two FortiSwitch devices.



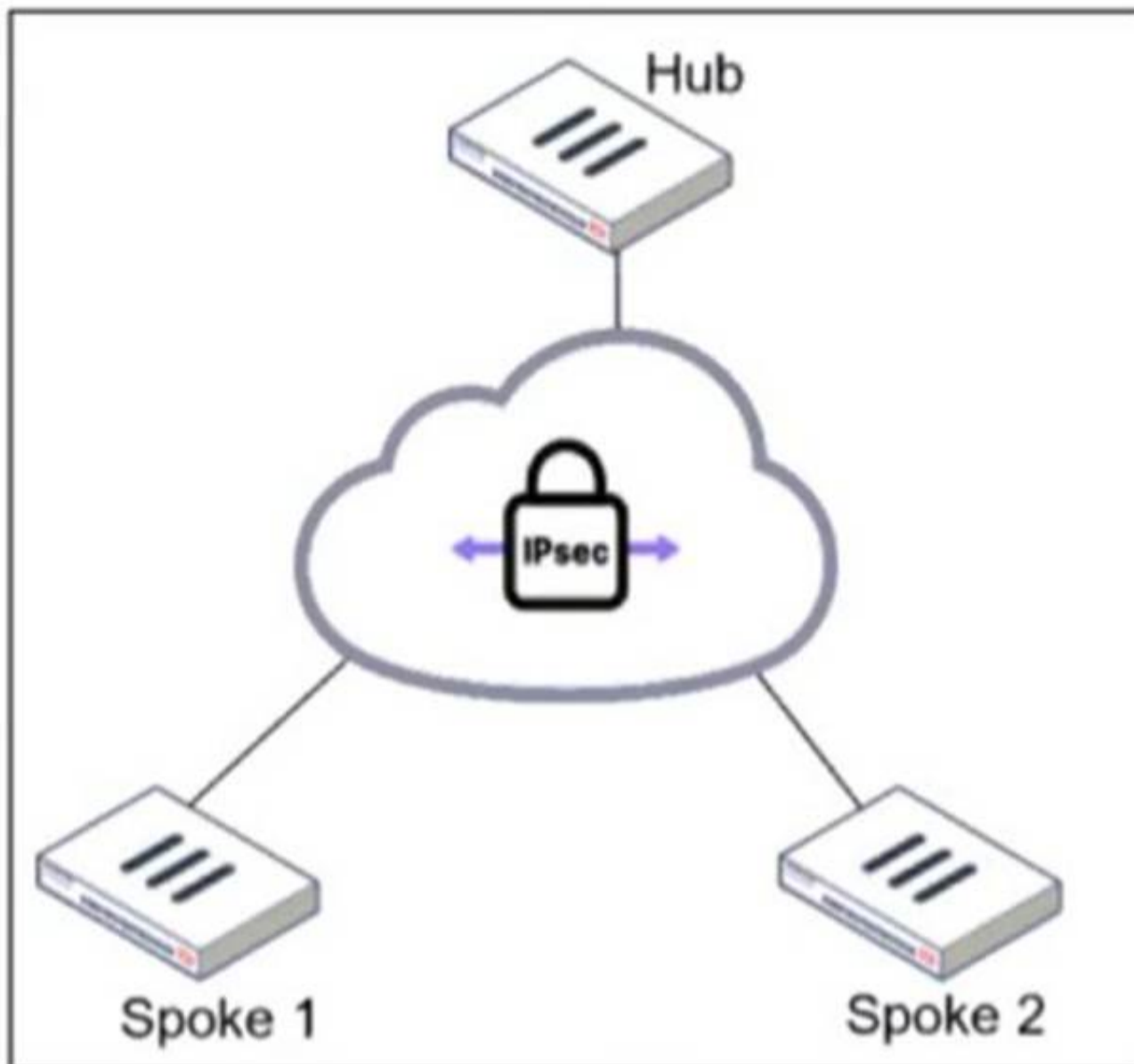
What two conclusions can you draw from the corresponding LAN interface? (Choose two.)

- A. You must enable STP or RSTP on FortiGate and FortiSwitch to avoid layer 2 loopbacks.
- B. The LAN interface must use a 802.3ad type interface.
- C. This connection is using a FortiLink to manage VLANs on FortiGate.
- D. FortiGate is using an SD-WAN-type interface to connect to a FortiSwitch device with MCLAG.

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 4

Refer to the exhibit.



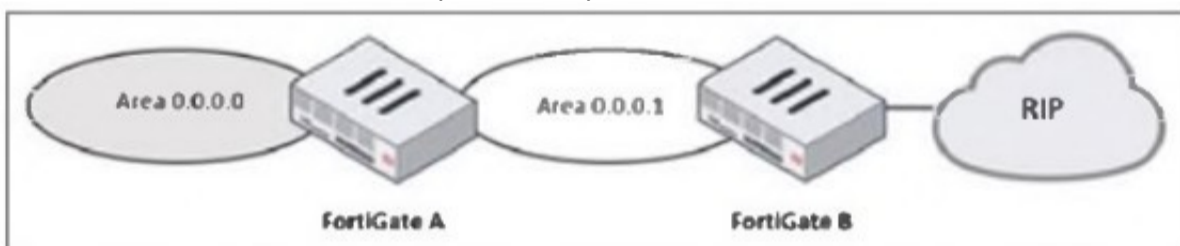
An administrator is deploying a hub and spokes network and using OSPF as dynamic protocol. Which configuration is mandatory for neighbor adjacency?

- A. Set bfd enable in the router configuration
- B. Set network-type point-to-multipoint in the hub interface
- C. Set rfc1583-compatible enable in the router configuration
- D. Set virtual-link enable in the hub interface

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 5

Refer to the exhibit, which shows a partial enterprise network.



An administrator would like the area 0.0.0.0 to detect the external network. What must the administrator configure?

- A. Enable RIP redistribution on FortiGate B.
- B. Configure a distribute-route-map-in on FortiGate B.
- C. Configure a virtual link between FortiGate A and B.
- D. Set the area 0.0.0.1 type to stub on FortiGate A and B.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 6

Refer to the exhibit, which contains a partial command output.

```
FortiGate # get router info bgp neighbors
VRF 0 neighbor table:
BGP neighbor is 100.65.4.1, remote AS 65300, local AS 65200, external link
BGP version 4, remote router ID 0.0.0.0
BGP state = Idle
Not directly connected EBGP
Last read      , hold time is 180, keepalive interval is 60 seconds
Configured hold time is 180, keepalive interval is 60 seconds
Received 0 messages, 0 notifications, 0 in queue
Sent 0 messages, 0 notifications, 0 in queue
Route refresh request: received 0, sent 0
NLRI treated as withdraw: 0
Minimum time between advertisement runs is 30 seconds
Update source is Loopback
```

The administrator has configured BGP on FortiGate. The status of this new BGP configuration is shown in the exhibit. What configuration must the administrator consider next?

- A. Configure a static route to 100.65.4.1.
- B. Configure the local AS to 65300.
- C. Contact the remote peer administrator to enable BGP
- D. Enable ebgp-enforce-multihop.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 7

An administrator needs to install an IPS profile without triggering false positives that can impact applications and cause problems with the user's normal traffic flow. Which action can the administrator take to prevent false positives on IPS analysis?

- A. Use the IPS profile extension to select an operating system, protocol, and application for all the network internal services and users to prevent false positives.
- B. Enable Scan Outgoing Connections to avoid clicking suspicious links or attachments that can deliver botnet malware and create false positives.
- C. Use an IPS profile with action monitor, however, the administrator must be aware that this can compromise network integrity.
- D. Install missing or expired SSUTLS certificates on the client PC to prevent expected false positives.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 8

What does the command set forward-domain <domain_ID> in a transparent VDOM interface do?

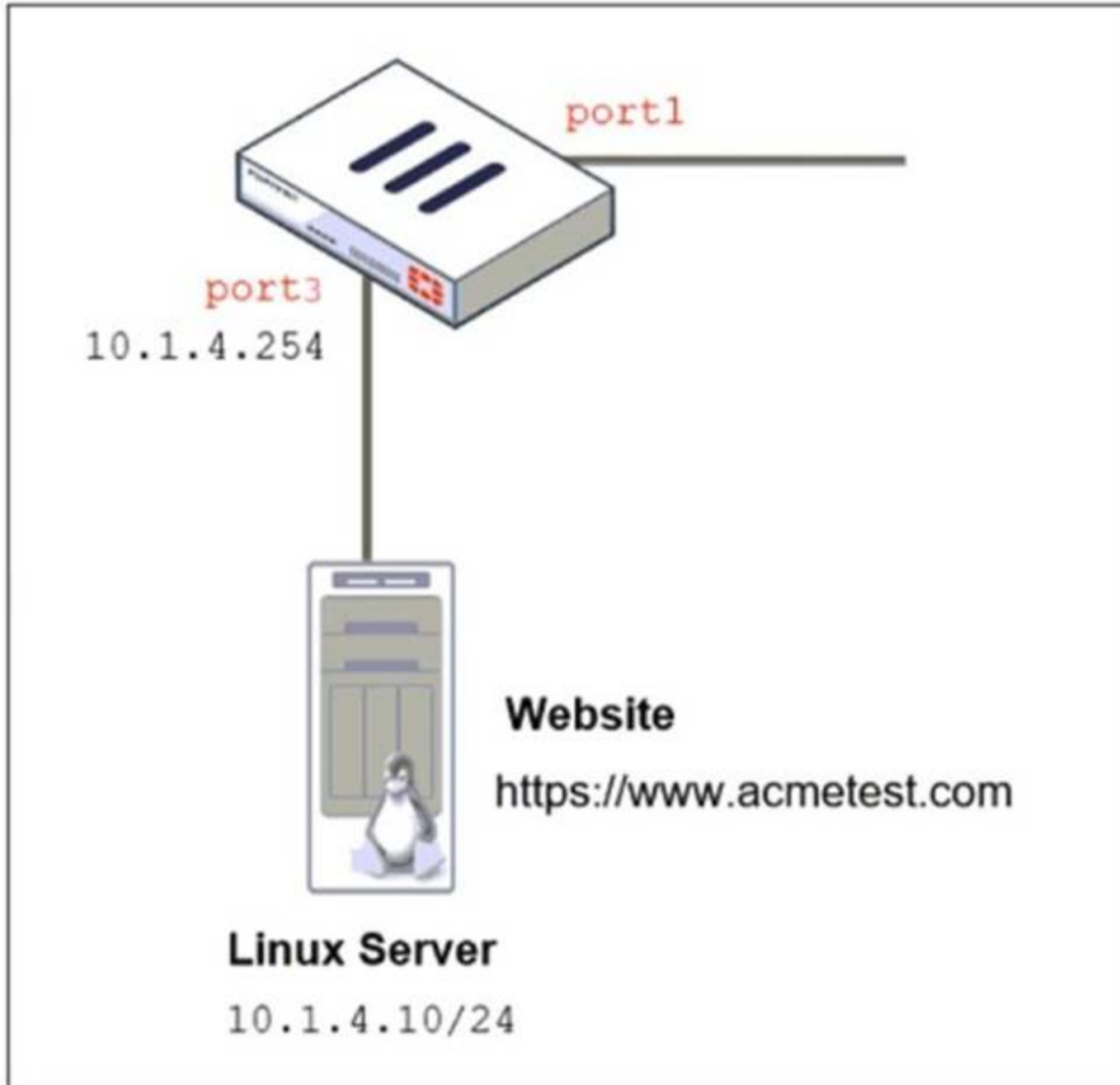
- A. It configures the interface to prioritize traffic based on the domain ID, enhancing quality of service for specified VLANs.
- B. It isolates traffic within a specific VLAN by assigning a broadcast domain to an interface based on the VLAN ID.
- C. It restricts the interface to managing traffic only from the specified VLAN, effectively segregating network traffic.
- D. It assigns a unique domain ID to the interface, allowing it to operate across multiple VLANs within the same VDOM.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 9

Refer to the exhibits. The exhibits show a network topology, a firewall policy, and an SSL/SSH inspection profile configuration.

Network Topology



Firewall policy on FortiGate

```
DCFW # sh firewall policy 3
config firewall policy
edit 3
set name "To Linux Servers"
set uuid bf77d59e-5513-51ef-147d-e35066c267e9
set srcintf "port1"
set dstintf "port3"
set action accept
set srcaddr "all"
set dstaddr "10.1.4."
set schedule "always"
set service "ALL"
set utm-status enable
set inspection-mode proxy
set ssl-ssh-profile "deep-inspection"
set ips-sensor "IPS Monitor"
set logtraffic all
next
end
```

SSL/SSH inspection profile

Edit SSL/SSH Inspection Profile

Name

Comments 34/255

SSL Inspection Options

Enable SSL inspection of Multiple Client Connections Connecting to Multiple Servers

Inspection method Full SSL Inspection

CA certificate ⚠ Download

Blocked certificates i Block View Blocked Certificates

Untrusted SSL certificates Allow Block Ignore View Trusted CAs List

Server certificate SNI check i Enable Strict Disable

Enforce SSL cipher compliance

Enforce SSL negotiation compliance

RPC over HTTPS

MAPI over HTTPS

Protocol Port Mapping

Inspect all ports

HTTPS	<input type="checkbox"/>	443
SMTS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	465
POP3S	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	995
IMAPS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	993
FTPS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	990
DNS over TLS	<input type="checkbox"/>	853

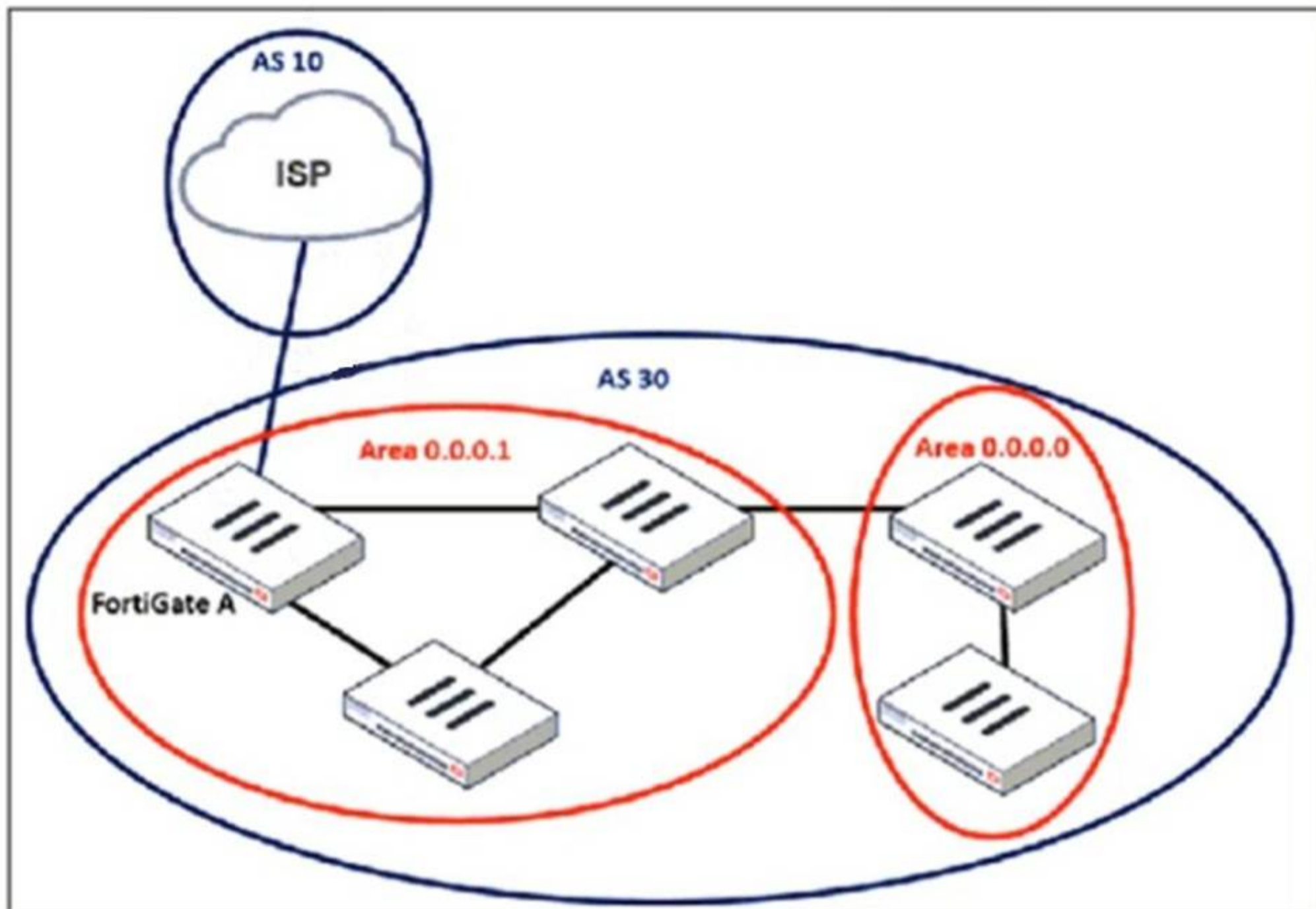
Why is FortiGate unable to detect HTTPS attacks on firewall policy ID 3 targeting the Linux server?

- A. The administrator must set the policy to inspection mode to analyze the HTTPS packets as expected.
- B. The administrator must enable HTTPS in the protocol port mapping of the deep- inspection SSL/SSH inspection profile.
- C. The administrator must enable SSL inspection of the SSL server and upload the certificate of the Linux server website to the SSL/SSH inspection profile.
- D. The administrator must enable cipher suites in the SSL/SSH inspection profile to decrypt the message.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 10

Refer to the exhibit, which shows an enterprise network connected to an internet service provider.



An administrator must configure a loopback as a BGP source to connect to the ISP. Which two commands are required to establish the connection? (Choose two.)

- A. ebgp-enforce-multihop
- B. update-source
- C. ibgp-enforce-multihop
- D. recursive-next-hop

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 10

A company's guest internet policy, operating in proxy mode, blocks access to Artificial Intelligence Technology sites using FortiGuard. However, a guest user accessed a page in this category using port 8443.

Which configuration changes are required for FortiGate to analyze HTTPS traffic on nonstandard ports like 8443 when full SSL inspection is active in the guest policy?

- A. Add a URL wildcard domain to the website CA certificate and use it in the SSL/SSH Inspection Profile.
- B. In the Protocol Port Mapping section of the SSL/SSH Inspection Profile, enter 443, 8443 to analyze both standard (443) and non-standard (8443) HTTPS ports.
- C. To analyze nonstandard ports in web filter profiles, use TLSv1.3 in the SSL/SSH Inspection Profile.
- D. Administrators can block traffic on nonstandard ports by enabling the SNI check in the SSL/SSH Inspection Profile.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 11

How will configuring set tcp-mss-sender and set tcp-mss-receiver in a firewall policy affect the size and handling of TCP packets in the network?

- A. The maximum segment size permitted in the firewall policy determines whether TCP packets are allowed or denied.
- B. Applying commands in a firewall policy determines the largest payload a device can handle in a single TCP segment.
- C. The administrator must consider the payload size of the packet and the size of the IP header to configure a correct value in the firewall policy.
- D. The TCP packet modifies the packet size only if the size of the packet is less than the one the administrator configured in the firewall policy.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 14

Why does the ISDB block layers 3 and 4 of the OSI model when applying content filtering? (Choose two.)

- A. FortiGate has a predefined list of all IPs and ports for specific applications downloaded from FortiGuard.
- B. The ISDB blocks the IP addresses and ports of an application predefined by FortiGuard.
- C. The ISDB works in proxy mode, allowing the analysis of packets in layers 3 and 4 of the OSI model.
- D. The ISDB limits access by URL and domain.

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 17

Refer to the exhibit, which contains a partial VPN configuration.

```
config vpn ipsec phase1-interface
edit tunnel
set type dynamic
set interface "port1"
set ike-version 2
set keylife 28800
set peertype any
set net-device disable
set proposal aes128-sha256 aes256-sha256
set dpd on-idle
set add-route enable
set psksecret fortinet
next
end
```

What can you conclude from this VPN IPsec phase 1 configuration?

- A. This configuration is the best for networks with regular traffic intervals, providing a balance between connectivity assurance and resource utilization.
- B. Peer IDs are unencrypted and exposed, creating a security risk.
- C. FortiGate will not add a route to its routing or forwarding information base when the dynamic tunnel is negotiated.
- D. A separate interface is created for each dial-up tunnel, which can be slower and more resource intensive, especially in large networks.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 19

An administrator is designing an ADVPN network for a large enterprise with spokes that have varying numbers of internet links. They want to avoid a high number of routes and peer connections at the hub.

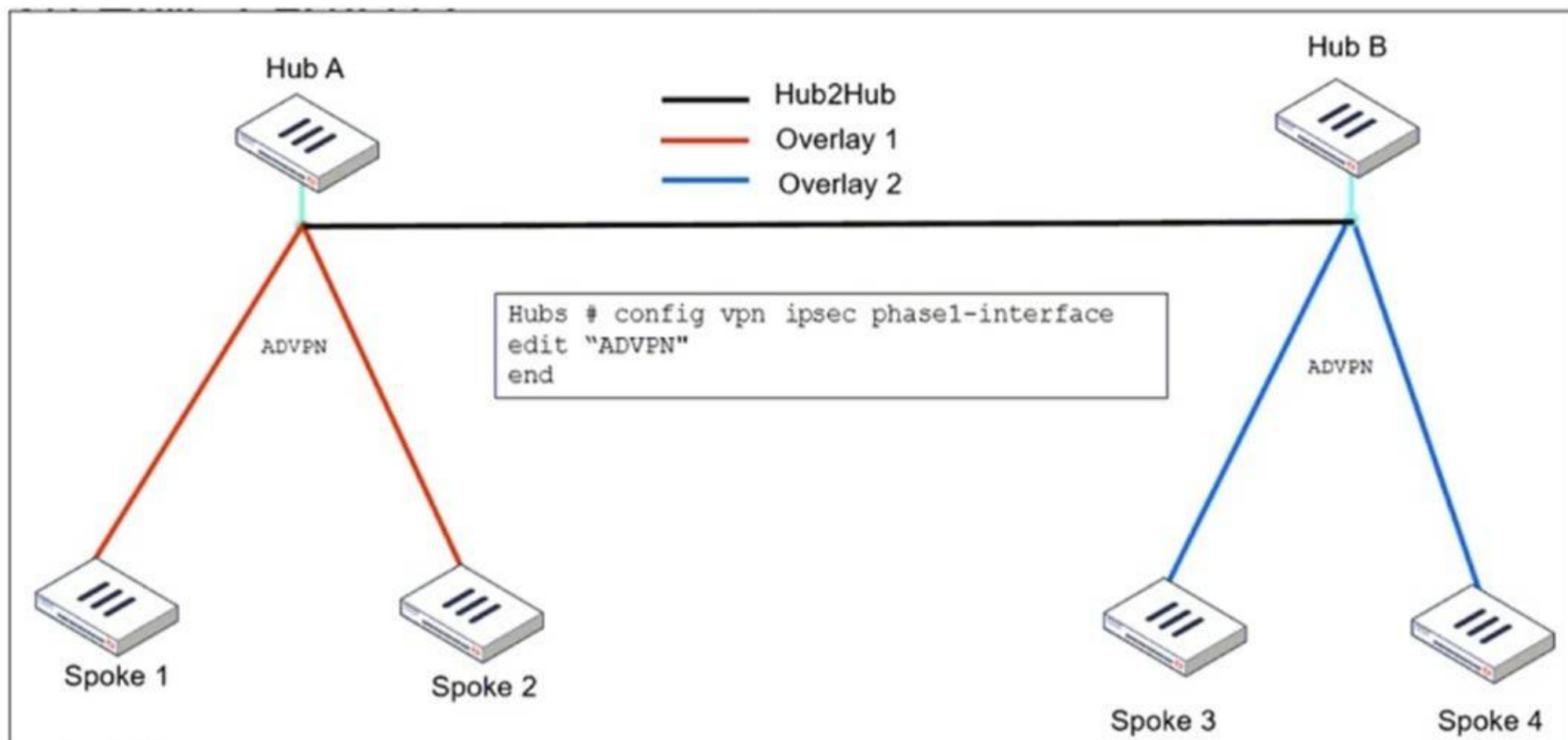
Which method should be used to simplify routing and peer management?

- A. Deploy a full-mesh VPN topology to eliminate hub dependency.
- B. Implement static routing over IPsec interfaces for each spoke.
- C. Use a dynamic routing protocol using loopback interfaces to streamline peers and routes.
- D. Establish a traditional hub-and-spoke VPN topology with policy routes.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 21

Refer to the exhibit, which shows the ADVPN IPsec interface representing the VPN IPsec phase 1 from Hub A to Spoke 1 and Spoke 2, and from Hub to Spoke 3 and Spoke 4.



An administrator must configure an ADVPN using IBGP and EBGP to connect overlay network 1 with 2. What must the administrator configure in the phase 1 VPN IPsec configuration of the ADVPN tunnels?

- A. set auto-discovery-sender enable and set network-id x
- B. set auto-discovery-forwarder enable and set remote-as x
- C. set auto-discovery-crossover enable and set enforce-multihop enable
- D. set auto-discovery-receiver enable and set npu-offload enable

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 22

An administrator must minimize CPU and RAM use on a FortiGate firewall while also enabling essential security features, such as web filtering and application control for HTTPS traffic.

Which SSL inspection setting helps reduce system load while also enabling security features, such as web filtering and application control for encrypted HTTPS traffic?

- A. Use full SSL inspection to thoroughly inspect encrypted payloads.
- B. Disable SSL inspection entirely to conserve resources.
- C. Configure SSL inspection to handle HTTPS traffic efficiently.
- D. Enable SSL certificate inspection mode to perform basic checks without decrypting traffic.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 27

An administrator is extensively using VXLAN on FortiGate.

Which specialized acceleration hardware does FortiGate need to improve its performance?

- A. NP7
- B. SP5
- C. 9
- D. NTurbo

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 31

A user reports that their computer was infected with malware after accessing a secured HTTPS website. However, when the administrator checks the FortiGate logs, they do not see that the website was detected as insecure despite having an SSL certificate and correct profiles applied on the policy.

How can an administrator ensure that FortiGate can analyze encrypted HTTPS traffic on a website?

- A. The administrator must enable reputable websites to allow only SSL/TLS websites rated by FortiGuard web filter.
- B. The administrator must enable URL extraction from SNI on the SSL certificate inspection to ensure the TLS three-way handshake is correctly analyzed by FortiGate.
- C. The administrator must enable DNS over TLS to protect against fake Server Name Indication (SNI) that cannot be analyzed in common DNS requests on HTTPS websites.
- D. The administrator must enable full SSL inspection in the SSL/SSH Inspection Profile to decrypt packets and ensure they are analyzed as expected.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 36

An administrator applied a block-all IPS profile for client and server targets to secure the server, but the database team reported the application stopped working immediately after.

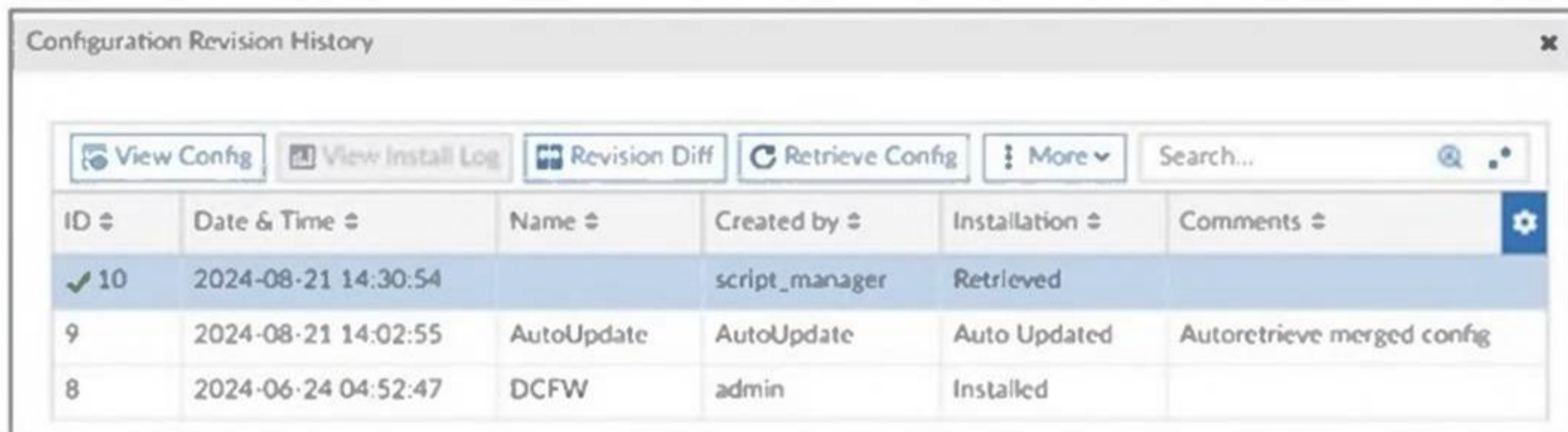
How can an administrator apply IPS in a way that ensures it does not disrupt existing applications in the network?

- A. Use an IPS profile with all signatures in monitor mode and verify patterns before blocking.
- B. Limit the IPS profile to server targets only to avoid blocking connections from the server to clients.
- C. Select flow mode in the IPS profile to accurately analyze application patterns.
- D. Set the IPS profile signature action to default to discard all possible false positives.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 41

Refer to the exhibit, which shows a revision history window in the FortiManager device layer.



ID	Date & Time	Name	Created by	Installation	Comments
✓ 10	2024-08-21 14:30:54		script_manager	Retrieved	
9	2024-08-21 14:02:55	AutoUpdate	AutoUpdate	Auto Updated	Autoretrieve merged config
8	2024-06-24 04:52:47	DCFV	admin	Installed	

The IT team is trying to identify the administrator responsible for the most recent update in the FortiGate device database. Which conclusion can you draw about this scenario?

- A. This retrieved process was automatically triggered by a Remote FortiGate Directly (via CLI) script.
- B. The user script_manager is an API user from the Fortinet Developer Network (FDN) retrieving a configuration.
- C. To identify the user who created the event, check it on the Configuration and Installation widget on FortiGate within the FortiManager device layer.
- D. Find the user in the FortiManager system logs and use the type=script command to find the administrator user in the user field.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 46

A company that acquired multiple branches across different countries needs to install new FortiGate devices on each of those branches. However, the IT staff lacks sufficient knowledge to implement the initial configuration on the FortiGate devices.

Which three approaches can the company take to successfully deploy advanced initial configurations on remote branches? (Choose three.)

- A. Use metadata variables to dynamically assign values according to each FortiGate device.
- B. Use provisioning templates and install configuration settings at the device layer.
- C. Use the Global ADOM to deploy global object configurations to each FortiGate device.
- D. Apply Jinja in the FortiManager scripts for large-scale and advanced deployments.
- E. Add FortiGate devices on FortiManager as model devices, and use ZTP or LTP to connect to FortiGate devices.

Answer: ABE

NEW QUESTION 50

Refer to the exhibit.

Routing table on FortiGate_A

```
FortiGate_A # get router info routing-table all
Codes: K - kernel, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, B - BGP
O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
V - BGP VPNv4
* - candidate default

Routing table for VRF=0
S* 0.0.0.0/0 [10/0] via 10.1.0.254, port1, [1/0]
C 10.1.0.0/24 is directly connected, port1
C 10.1.4.0/24 is directly connected, port3
B 100.64.1.0/24 [200/0] via 10.1.0.254 (recursive is directly connected, port1), 00:39:45, [1/0]
B 172.16.1.252/30 [200/0] via 10.1.0.1 (recursive is directly connected, port1), 00:42:48, [1/0]
C 172.16.100.0/24 is directly connected, port8
```

Routing table on FortiGate_B

```
FortiGate_B # get router info routing-table all
Codes: K - kernel, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, B - BGP
O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
V - BGP VPNv4
* - candidate default

Routing table for VRF=0
S* 0.0.0.0/0 [10/0] via 10.1.0.254, port1, [1/0]
S 4.2.2.2/32 [10/0] via 10.1.5.254, port4, [1/0]
C 10.1.0.0/24 is directly connected, port1
B 10.1.4.0/24 [200/0] via 10.1.0.100 (recursive is directly connected, port1), 00:41:02, [1/0]
C 10.1.5.0/24 is directly connected, port4
B 100.64.1.0/24 [200/0] via 10.1.0.254 (recursive is directly connected, port1), 00:38:14, [1/0]
C 172.16.1.248/30 is directly connected, C0
C 172.16.1.252/30 is directly connected, A0
C 172.16.100.0/24 is directly connected, port8
```

The routing tables of FortiGate_A and FortiGate_B are shown. FortiGate_A and FortiGate_B are in the same autonomous system. The administrator wants to dynamically add only route 172.16.1.248/30 on FortiGate_A. What must the administrator configure?

- A. The prefix 172.16.1.248/30 in the BGP Networks section on FortiGate_B
- B. A BGP route map out for 172.16.1.248/30 on FortiGate_B
- C. Enable Redistribute Connected in the BGP section on FortiGate_B.
- D. A BGP route map in for 172.16.1.248/30 on FortiGate_A

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 53

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